

TOWN OF INUVIK

Zoning Bylaw

Bylaw Number 2753/P+D/25

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1st Reading



PART ONE: Introduction

1.1 Title

- 1.1.1 This Bylaw is titled the Town of Inuvik Zoning Bylaw and is referenced as “Zoning Bylaw” in the text herein.

1.2 Purpose

- 1.2.1 The purpose of this Bylaw is to facilitate development within the Town of Inuvik in accordance with the Community Plan by regulating the development and use of land.

1.3 Components of Bylaw

- 1.3.1 The Zoning Bylaw includes:
- a. Schedule A, the Bylaw text;
 - b. Schedule B, Planning & Zoning Bylaw Maps; and,
 - c. Schedule C, Development Permit Application Forms.

1.4 Applicability

- 1.4.1 This Bylaw shall apply to all lands contained within the Town municipal boundary.
- 1.4.2 Development applications received and development permits issued before the date this Bylaw came into effect shall be processed in accordance with the Town of Inuvik Zoning Bylaw 2583/P+D/15.
- 1.4.3 Subdivision applications received and approved before the date this Bylaw came into effect shall be processed in accordance with the Town of Inuvik Zoning Bylaw 2583/P+D/15
- 1.4.4 The Town recognizes the legal authority of the Gwich'in Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement and the Inuvialuit Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement. As such, the Bylaw shall not infringe on Aboriginal or treaty rights of the Aboriginal peoples of Canada under section 35 of the *Constitution Act 1982*.

1.5 Effective Date

- 1.5.1 This Bylaw comes into effect upon approval by Council.

1.6 Repeal

- 1.6.1 The Town of Inuvik Zoning Bylaw 2583/P+D/15 as amended is hereby repealed.

1.7 Establishment of Zones

- 1.7.1 The Zoning Maps are found in Schedule B of this Bylaw and form part of this Bylaw.

- 1.7.2 For the purposes of this Bylaw, the following zones are hereby established:

- a) R1 Low Density Residential
- b) R2 Medium Density Residential
- c) CR Country Residential
- d) DT Downtown Core
- e) HC Highway Commercial
- f) CU Community Use
- g) I Industrial
- h) PO Parks and Open Space
- i) H Hinterland
- j) A Aerodrome

- 1.7.3 Where uncertainty arises as to the precise location of the boundary of any zone, the following rules shall apply:

- a. A boundary which follows a street, right-of-way, lane, or stream shall be deemed to follow the centerline thereof;
- b. A boundary which approximately follows a Lot Line shall be deemed to follow the lot line;
- c. A boundary which approximately follows the municipal boundary shall be deemed to follow the municipal boundary;
- d. A boundary which approximately follows the shoreline of a creek, stream, or channel shall be deemed to follow the shoreline and moves with any change in such shoreline; and
- e. In circumstance not covered in **Subsection 1.7.3**, the location of the zone boundary shall be determined:
 - i. by the dimensions set out on the Schedule B - Zoning Map; or,
 - ii. by the measurement of and use of the scale shown on the Zoning Map.

1.8 Compliance with other legislation

- 1.8.1 A person applying for, or in possession of a valid development permit, is not relieved from the full responsibility for ascertaining, complying with or carrying out development in accordance with the:
- a. *Government of the Northwest Territories Community Planning and Development Act*;
 - b. Most recent revision of the National Building Code of Canada;
 - c. Most recent revision of the National Fire Code of Canada;
 - d. Inuvik Airport Zoning Regulations (*Aeronautics Act*);
 - e. Conditions of any caveat, covenant, easement, or other instrument affecting a building or land;
 - f. Ongoing maintenance and upkeep of developments as regulated by the:
 - i. Town of Inuvik 'Unsightly Land/Premises Bylaw'; and
 - ii. National Fire Code of Canada.
 - g. Requirements of any other relevant federal, territorial, or municipal legislation.

1.9 Interpretation

- 1.9.1 For the purpose of this Bylaw:
- a. "shall", "will" and "must" require mandatory compliance except where a variance has been granted pursuant to this Bylaw.
 - b. "should" is not mandatory but is expected to be followed, but allows for alternative actions to be taken, or if the action is unreasonable or unable to be followed.
 - c. "may" is interpreted as optional.
 - d. Where a regulation involves two or more conditions, connected by a conjunction, the following shall apply:
 - i. "and" means all the connected items shall apply in combination; and,
 - ii. "or" means that the connected items may apply singly or in combination.
 - e. Words, phrases, and terms not defined in this Bylaw may be given their definition in the *Government of the Northwest Territories Community Planning and Development Act*, or the National Building Code of Canada.
 - f. Other words shall be given their usual and customary meaning.

- 1.9.2 Words used in the singular shall also mean the plural and vice versa.
- 1.9.3 When in perceived conflict, written regulations take precedence over any diagram or map.
- 1.9.4 The standard measurement used within this Bylaw is metric. Any reference to imperial measurement is approximate and for convenience only. In the case of any discrepancy between the metric and imperial measurement, the metric measurement shall prevail.

1.10 Severability

- 1.10.1 If any section, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Bylaw is, for any reason, held to be invalid by the decision of any court or competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion of this Bylaw.



PART TWO: Roles and Responsibilities

2.1 Development Authority

- 2.1.1 The Development Authority is hereby established as a person authorized to exercise development powers and duties on behalf of the Town.
- 2.1.2 The Development Authority must consider the Town's statutory plans and Bylaws when considering a development permit application.
- 2.1.3 The Development Authority must comply with all federal, territorial, or municipal legislation, regulation, or *Act*.
- 2.1.4 The Development Authority shall be:
 - a. Council, and/or,
 - b. The Development Officer.

2.2 Role of Council

- 2.2.1 The function of Council with respect to this Bylaw shall be to:
 - a. review and render decisions on development applications presented to it by the Development Officer, having regard for the regulations of the Community Plan and this Bylaw;
 - b. review and render decisions on applications for development of a Discretionary Use, having regard for the regulations of this Bylaw and the provisions of the Community Plan;
 - c. review and render decisions on applications for development of uses in such zones where Council is identified as the Development Authority;
 - d. review and render decisions on applications for rezoning and/or other Bylaw amendments presented to it by the Development Officer;
 - e. specify the length of time that a permit may remain in effect for a temporary Use; and,
 - f. carry out other such duties as may be prescribed in this Bylaw.

2.3 Role of Development Officer

- 2.3.1 The office of the Development Officer is hereby established and shall be filled by a person appointed by resolution of Council established in accordance with the *Act*.

- 2.3.2 The Development Officer is authorized to perform the duties specified in this Bylaw and has enforcement powers as specified by Council pursuant to the *Act*.
- 2.3.3 The Development Officer shall:
- a. keep and maintain for the inspection of the public, a copy of this Bylaw and its amendments;
 - b. keep a register of all development permit applications, and the decisions in relation to those applications;
 - c. review and render decisions on development permit applications for:
 - i. permitted uses;
 - i. day homes;
 - ii. home occupations;
 - iii. secondary suites; and,
 - iv. the development of signs.having regard for the regulations of this Bylaw and the provisions of the Community Plan;
 - d. refer to Council, with recommendations, any development permit for which Council is the Development Authority or any development permit in which in the Development Officer's opinion should be decided by Council;
 - e. provide a notice of decision on development permit applications in accordance with this Bylaw; and,
 - f. carry out other such duties as may be prescribed in this Bylaw.

2.4 Development Appeal Board

- 2.4.1 The Development Appeal Board is hereby established in accordance with the *Act*.
- 2.4.2 The Development Appeal Board is authorized to perform the duties specified in this Bylaw and has enforcement powers as specified in this Bylaw and the *Act*.
- 2.4.3 The Development Appeal Board shall be composed of a:
- a. Chairperson; and,
 - b. Four other members;
- appointed by resolution of Council.
- 2.4.4 The Development Appeal Board shall include at least one member of Council.
- 2.4.5 In accordance with the *Act*, no more than one Council member may be appointed to the Development Appeal Board.

- 2.4.6 In accordance with the *Act*, the Development Appeal Board shall not include employees of the Town of Inuvik.
- 2.4.7 The Development Appeal Board members shall be appointed concurrently for 3 years of office and shall not be dismissed except for just cause.
- 2.4.8 When retirement or resignation of a Development Appeal Board member results in a vacancy, the vacant position shall be filled by resolution of Council.
- 2.4.9 The Development Appeal Board must consider and issue decisions on appeals referred to the Board under the provisions of the *Act* having regard for the circumstances and merits of the case, Zoning Bylaw, Community Plan, and any Council approved plans or policies.
- 2.4.10 The Development Appeal Board shall hear the Development Officer and any other persons who may contribute to a full and proper hearing.
- 2.4.11 The Development Appeal Board shall meet within thirty days after an application for an appeal has been made.
- 2.4.12 Three members of the Development Appeal Board constitute a quorum for the making of all decisions and for doing any action required or permitted to be done by the Board.
- 2.4.13 Only those members of the Development Appeal Board in attendance at a Board meeting shall vote on any matter then before the Board.
- 2.4.14 A decision of the Development Appeal Board made in quorum is deemed to be a decision of the whole Board.
- 2.4.15 The Development Appeal Board may confirm, revoke, or vary the decision under appeal, and it may impose any conditions or limitations as it sees fit.
- 2.4.16 The Chairperson of the Development Appeal Board shall sign all notices of decisions and any other documents on behalf of the Board, relative to any jurisdiction or power of the Board, and any documents so signed shall be deemed to be signed on behalf of the Development Appeal Board.
- 2.4.17 Where the Chairperson of the Development Appeal Board is absent, any document of the Board may be signed by any one Board member, and when so signed, shall have the like effect as though signed by the Chairperson.
- 2.4.18 A decision of the Development Appeal Board is final and binding on all parties, subject only to appeal under Division B of the *Act*.

2.5 Secretary Development Appeal Board

- 2.5.1 The office of the Secretary of the Development Appeal Board is hereby established and shall be filled by an employee of the Town of Inuvik, as appointed by Council, or the Senior Administrative Officer acting on behalf of Council.

2.5.2 The secretary to the Development Appeal Board shall not be a member of the Development Appeal board nor will the Secretary be the Development Officer.

2.5.3 The Secretary shall, in accordance with the *Act*:

- a. keep available for public inspection all relevant documents and materials respecting an appeal under the Act, including the application for the development permit, its refusal, and the decision;
- b. receive and administer all applications for appeal;
- c. notify all members of the Development Appeal Board of the arrangements for the holding of each hearing and other meetings of the Board;
- d. Provide notice of a hearing to:
 - i. the appellant in writing;
 - ii. owners and lessees of land within 30.00 meters of the boundary of the land in request of which the appeal relates through registered mail; and,
 - iii. the public through newspaper, Town website, and community notice boards;

Two weeks prior to the hearing;

- e. prepare and maintain a file of written minutes of all meetings of the Development Appeal Board;
- f. serve the appellant and all affected parties a notice of the decision of the Board and the reasons therefore;
- g. notify Council of the decisions of the Board;
- h. within sixty days after the Appeal Board renders its decision, issue a written decision with reasons, and provide a copy to the applicant, appellant, and other parties to the appeal; and,
- i. carry out such other administrative duties as the Development Appeal Board may specify.



PART THREE: Compliance and Enforcement

3.1 General Provisions

- 3.1.1 Any person convicted of a breach of any of the provisions of this Bylaw shall be liable to a fine under the *Act*.
- 3.1.2 In Accordance with the *Act*, Council may authorize the Development Officer or another person to act to execute enforcement of this Bylaw including:
 - a. inspect any land or building for a purpose;
 - b. enforce the regulations of the Zoning Bylaw or development permit;
 - or,
 - c. apply to the court for an injunction or other Order to restrain a contravention.

3.2 Right of Entry

- 3.2.1 The Development Officer may, in accordance with the *Act*,
 - a. enter any land or building at any reasonable time and carry out inspections;
 - b. require anything to be produced to assist in the inspection; and,
 - c. make copies of anything related to the inspection.
- 3.2.2 Notwithstanding **Subsection 3.2.1**, the Development Officer shall not enter the occupied portion of a dwelling without the consent of the occupier or the authority of a warrant.
- 3.2.3 The Development Officer shall, on request, display or produce identification showing that they are authorized to make the entry.
- 3.2.4 Where a person fails or refuses to comply with an order within the specified time, Council, or a person appointed by Council may, in accordance with the *Act*, enter upon the land or building and take any necessary action to carry out the order.
- 3.2.5 Where a person fails or refuses to comply with an order to permit entry upon the land or building, they shall be guilty of an offence as defined in the *Act*.

3.3 Offences

- 3.3.1 A person who
- commences a development without an approved development permit;
 - fails to comply with the conditions of an approved development permit;
 - fails to comply with any notice or order issued under this Bylaw; or,
 - fails to comply with any decision of the Development Appeal Board;
- in accordance with this Bylaw is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine.
- 3.3.2 Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offence.

3.4 Violation Tickets

- 3.4.1 A Development Officer who determines that a development, or a use of land or of a building, contravenes the regulations of the Zoning Bylaw or a development permit, may issue a written order to the owner of the land or building where the development or use is located, or to the person alleged to be responsible for the contravention.
- 3.4.2 Written orders shall:
- specify the contravention;
 - direct the person to whom the order is issued to do one or more of the following:
 - stop the development in whole or in part as specified in the order,
 - alter the development,
 - demolish, remove, or replace the development,
 - restore the land or building to the condition it was in immediately before the undertaking of the development,
 - stop the use of the land or building in whole or in part as specified in the order, or,
 - take any other actions required by the order so that the development, the use of land, or the use of the building conforms with this *Act*, the regulations, a zoning bylaw, or a development permit.
 - identify a time in which direction must be complied with; and,
 - advise of the right of appeal.
- 3.4.3 The Development Officer or Council may require security in the form of a letter of credit, performance bond, or certified cheque to ensure the development is conducted and completed in compliance with any requirement of a development permit or development agreement.

3.5 Penalties

- 3.5.1 A person who contravenes this Bylaw and is liable on summary conviction:
- a. in the case of a corporation to a fine not exceeding \$100,000 and to a further fine not exceeding \$5,000 each day or part of a day during which the offence continues; and,
 - b. in the case of an individual:
 - i. to a fine not exceeding \$5,000 and, in addition, to a fine not exceeding \$1,000 for every day the offence continues, or,
 - ii. to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months in default of payment of the fine;

In accordance with the *Act*.



PART FOUR: Bylaw Amendment

4.1 General Regulations Regarding Bylaw Amendments

- 4.1.1 Proposed amendments to this Bylaw shall be processed in accordance with the *Act*.
- 4.1.2 Council may initiate an amendment to the Bylaw.
- 4.1.3 Administration may, at any time, present a request for Bylaw amendment to Council.
- 4.1.4 Any person may apply to have the Zoning Bylaw amended.
- 4.1.5 Any person applying to amend any part of this Bylaw shall apply in writing Town.
- 4.1.6 All applications for a Bylaw amendment shall be accompanied by:
 - a. a complete application form;
 - b. a signed statement by the applicant assuming responsibility for all costs incurred by the Town in processing the proposed amendment, whether it be enacted or not, including, but not limited to, all mapping, printing, reproduction, surveys, planning consultants reports and advertising costs;
 - c. a written statement describing the:
 - i. reasons for the application;
 - ii. How the amendment aligns with approved statutory plans, non-statutory plans, and Council policies; and,
 - iii. How the amendment aligns with statutory plans, non-statutory plans, and Council policies under preparation.
 - d. An application fee as established by the Town.
- 4.1.7 The Development Authority may request additional information to evaluate the Bylaw amendment, including but not limited to:
 - a. a recent copy of the Certificate of Title (within 30 days of the application submission date) indicating ownership and other interests;
 - b. current copies (within 30 days of the application submission date) of any restrictive covenants, caveats, or easements;
 - c. a site plan of the proposed development;
 - d. an engagement summary describing any public consultation; or,
 - e. reports, drawings, plans, or technical studies required by the Development Authority to consider the application.

- 4.1.8 Where the Development Authority requires any technical study or assessment, all submitted documents are to be prepared by a qualified registered professional in their respective fields. All submitted documents shall include certification by the professional who prepared the document.
- 4.1.9 An application for a Bylaw amendment which has been rejected by Council within the previous 365 days shall not be accepted by the Town unless directed by Council through resolution.

4.2 Reviewing Bylaw Amendments

- 4.2.1 Upon receipt of an application for a Bylaw amendment, the Development Officer shall initiate or undertake an investigation and analysis of the potential impacts of amendment. The analysis shall, among other things, consider the following impact criteria:
 - a. relationship to and compliance with the Community Plan;
 - b. relationship to and compliance with authorized plans and schemes in preparation;
 - c. compatibility with surrounding development in terms of land use function and scale of development;
 - d. traffic impacts;
 - e. relationship to, or potential impacts upon, services such as water and sewage systems, and other utilities and public facilities such as recreational facilities and schools;
 - f. relationship to municipal land, right of way, or easement requirements;
 - g. effect on the site's structural stability;
 - h. necessity and appropriateness of the proposed amendment in view of the stated intentions of the applicant; and,
 - i. documented concerns and opinions of area residents regarding the application.
- 4.2.2 Bylaw amendments for the rezoning of one or more parcels shall be analyzed based upon the full development potential of the uses and development regulations specified in the proposed zone, and not on the merits of any particular development proposal.

4.3 Amendment Process

- 4.3.1 In reviewing and processing Bylaw amendment applications, the Development Officer shall:
 - a. examine the proposed amendment;
 - b. prepare a written report on the proposed amendment; and,

- c. advise the applicant in writing that the Development Officer:
 - i. is prepared to recommend the amendment to the Council without further investigation;
 - ii. is not prepared to recommend the amendment;
 - iii. requires further investigation to make a recommendation; or,
 - iv. is prepared to recommend an alternative amendment.
- 4.3.2 Upon receiving the direction of the Development Officer, the applicant shall advise the Development Officer if the applicant:
 - a. wishes the proposed amendment to proceed to Council, or,
 - b. does not wish to proceed to Council with the proposed amendment.
- 4.3.3 Where an applicant does not proceed to Council, the application is considered abandoned.
- 4.3.4 Where an applicant directs the Development Officer to proceed to Council, the Town may require the applicant pay advertising costs, and any other costs incurred by the Town prior to the amendment proceeding to Council.
- 4.3.5 Following receipt of any outstanding costs, the Development Officer shall submit the proposed amendment to Council for consideration including:
 - a. the proposed amendment;
 - b. a recommendation on the proposed amendment; and,
 - c. results of the Development Officer's analysis of the Bylaw amendment; and any other relevant material.
- 4.3.6 In the case of Bylaw amendments initiated by Council, the Development Officer must consider the proposed amendment and submit the items described in **Subsection 4.3.1** for Council consideration.
- 4.3.7 Council shall review applications for Bylaw amendment in accordance with the *Act*.
- 4.3.8 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Bylaw, in accordance with the *Act*, a public hearing is not required if the amendments are limited to the correction of errors and do not affect the substance of the Bylaw.

4.4 Notification of Bylaw Amendment

- 4.4.1 After giving a proposed Bylaw amendment first reading, and before giving it second reading, the Town shall, advertise a public hearing:
 - a. in two separate issues of the local newspaper, describing the pending amendment; and,

- b. dispatch a notice by ordinary mail to:
 - i. the applicant;
 - ii. the owners of the land subject to the proposed rezoning amendment; and,
 - iii. adjacent property owners.

4.4.2 The notice shall state:

- a. the purpose for the amendment;
- b. the place or places (one of which shall be the office of the municipality), where a copy of the proposed Bylaw amendment may be inspected by the public during office hours; and,
- c. the time and place at which Council will hold a public hearing on the amendment.



PART FIVE: Development Process

5.1 Control of Development

- 5.1.1 No development shall be undertaken within the municipality unless an application has been approved and a development permit has been issued.
- 5.1.2 Nothing in this Bylaw, development permit approval, or other approval issued under this Bylaw or under the *Act*, shall be construed as authorization for the carrying out of any activity that is regulated through other Municipal Bylaws, or Territorial or Federal legislation.
- 5.1.3 Excluding developments specifically exempted in **Subsection 5.1.2**, no development shall be undertaken, nor occupancy granted, use commenced, structure moved, building erected or demolished, or utility connection approved without the necessary permits having been obtained pursuant to this Bylaw.

5.2 Development Permit Exemptions

- 5.2.1 No development permit is required under this Bylaw for the developments listed in this section, provided that such developments comply with all other regulations of this Bylaw, does not require a variance, or is exempted by Territorial or Federal regulations.
- 5.2.2 A development permit is not required for the following Developments provided that the proposed development complies with the applicable regulations of this Bylaw:
 - a. the completion and/or use of a building which is lawfully under construction at the date of approval of this Bylaw, provided that the building is completed in accordance with the terms of the permit granted by the Development Authority, and subject to the conditions to which that permit was granted;
 - b. the carrying out of works involving maintenance, repair, or interior renovations to any building, if such works do not:
 - i. alter the use or intensity of the use;
 - ii. increase the number of dwelling units;
 - iii. increase any dimensions of the original building or structure; and,
 - iv. do not include structural alterations.

- c. landscaping, provided that such work does not alter the existing grade or natural surface drainage patterns;
- d. construction or placement of construction trailers or temporary buildings, works, plant or machinery associated with construction operations for which a development permit which has been issued, for the period of those operations;
- e. the installation, maintenance and repair of public works, services and utilities carried out by or on behalf of the municipal authority;
- f. the construction or installation of an accessory building or structure that does not exceed 10.00 m² (107.64 sq ft) in area and is not more than 3.00 m (9.84 ft) in height;
- g. unenclosed decks or patios no higher than 0.60 m (1.97 ft) above grade;
- h. move a building or structure including manufactured homes smaller than 14.00 m² (150.70 sq ft) within, into or out of the Town of Inuvik;
- i. fences, gates or walls less than 1.00 m (3.28 ft) in height in front yards, and not exceeding 2.00 m (6.56 ft) in height in side and rear yards;
- j. solar panels where the solar panel is:
 - i. affixed to a building; and,
 - ii. complies with the National Building Code of Canada.
- k. signs as described in **Section 9.0**; and,
- l. Any of the following:
 - i. Traditional and Cultural Activities;
 - ii. Teepees and tents;
 - iii. Firepits;
 - iv. Fish smokehouses; and,
 - v. Crosses and memorials.

5.3 Validity of Permits

- 5.3.1 When an application for a development permit has been approved by the Development Authority, the development permit shall not be valid unless and until any conditions of approval, other than those of a continuing nature, have been fulfilled.
- 5.3.2 No change in plans, use of site, or methods of construction shall be undertaken unless, and until, such change is approved in writing by the Development Officer.

5.4 Expiry of Permits

- 5.4.1 A development permit shall become void if the development has not commenced or been discontinued for a period of 360 days or has not been actively carried on for a period of 730 days.
- 5.4.2 A development, once begun, shall not be abandoned, or left for an extended period of time in what the Development Authority considers to be an unsightly or unsafe condition.
- 5.4.3 When a development permit becomes void, a new development permit application is required before a new development may proceed. In reviewing the development permit the Development Authority shall treat the application as if it were the first application and there shall be no obligation to approve such application.

5.5 Resubmission Interval

- 5.5.1 When an application is refused by the Development Authority or the Development Appeal Board, another application on the same site for the same use, shall not be accepted by the Development Authority for at least 180 days after the date of the previous refusal.

5.6 Non-Conforming Buildings and Uses

- 5.6.1 The Development Authority may permit a development in any zone on a lot which is substandard with respect to width, depth, or area, provided that:
 - a. such lot was legally registered and existing at the date of commencement of this Bylaw; and,
 - b. that the development is otherwise in accordance with the regulatory requirements of the zone.
- 5.6.2 When, at the time this Bylaw is adopted, a non-conforming use exists, the non-conforming use of land or building may be continued but if that use is discontinued for a period of 180 days or more, any future use of the land or building shall conform with the provisions of the Zoning Bylaw then in effect.
- 5.6.3 A non-conforming use of part of a lot shall not be extended or transferred in whole or in part to any other part of the lot, and no additional buildings shall be erected upon the lot while the non-conforming use continues.
- 5.6.4 A non-conforming use of part of a building may be extended throughout the building but the building shall not be enlarged or added to, and no structural alterations shall be made to it except:
 - a. to make it a conforming building; or,
 - b. for the routine maintenance of the building.

- 5.6.5 If a non-conforming building is damaged or destroyed such that more than 75.0% of the most recently assessed value of the building above its foundation is affected, the building shall not be repaired or rebuilt except in accordance with the Zoning Bylaw.
- 5.6.6 If there is change in ownership, tenancy or occupancy of lands or a building deemed to be non-conforming its status will not be changed.

5.7 Similar Uses

- 5.7.1 In situations where an application for development does not align with any of the uses described in this Bylaw, Council may determine that the use is similar to another use defined in this Bylaw.
- 5.7.2 Similar uses shall only be allowed in a zone where the proposed use is similar to the listed permitted or discretionary use in that zone.
- 5.7.3 Similar uses shall be subject to the same regulations as the use that they are similar to.

5.8 Application Requirements

- 5.8.1 An application for a development permit may only be made by a person with a legal, equitable estate, or interest in the property sought to be developed by a person duly authorized.
- 5.8.2 Where the applicant is other than the owner, the owner's written consent must be submitted with the application.
- 5.8.3 An application for development permit shall be made by submitting a completed application form to the Development Officer.
- 5.8.4 Every application for a development permit shall include:
- a. a completed application form;
 - b. a statement of ownership of land and interest of the application; and,
 - c. an application fee as determined in the Consolidated Rates and Fees Bylaw as amended.
- 5.8.5 At the discretion of the Development Authority, an application for a development permit may also require:
- a. a recent copy of the Certificate of Title (within 30 days of the application submission date) indicating ownership and other interests;
 - b. current copies (within 30 days of the application submission date) of any restrictive covenants, caveats, or easements;
 - c. a detailed statement of the proposed use(s) for the property and buildings in question;

- d. a site plan showing the:
 - i. legal description of the lot
 - ii. the existing or proposed property lines and dimensions
 - iii. setbacks and dimensions for front, rear and side yards
 - iv. locations and dimensions of all existing buildings, structures or uses on the lot;
 - v. any provisions for off-street loading and vehicle parking;
 - i. access and exit points to the site;
 - ii. provision for landscaping and drainage; and,
 - iii. any other site features requested by the Development Authority.
- b. building floor plans including:
 - i. proposed uses;
 - ii. total gross floor area; and,
 - iii. building dimensions.
- c. elevation drawings;
- d. photographs of the site;
- e. any other drawings that describe the development;
- f. the estimated commencement and completion dates; and
- g. the estimated cost of the project.

5.8.6 The Development Officer may require additional information to review and properly evaluate a proposed development including but not limited to:

- a. copies of any provincial, federal approvals, licenses, or permits;
- b. environmental impact assessment;
- c. fire safety plan;
- d. grading plan;
- e. lighting plan;
- f. parking study;
- g. plot plan;
- h. remediation plan;
- i. risk assessment;
- j. site servicing plan;
- k. traffic impact assessment; or,
- l. any other information deemed necessary by the Development Authority.

5.8.7 Where the development of land involves a subdivision survey and mapping of land, written evidence that the subdivision has been approved in accordance with the *Act* shall be required as part of an application for a development permit.

5.9 Referrals

- 5.9.1 Prior to issuing a decision, the Development Authority may circulate a development permit application to any Town department, territorial, federal department or any other agency or body.
- 5.9.2 The Development Authority shall give consideration to any recommendations or comments received by referral agencies.
- 5.9.3 Any proposed development that may have an effect on airport or aerodrome operations shall be referred to the specific Airport Commission or Authority, Transport Canada, and NavCanada.
- 5.9.4 Any proposed development that may interfere with or is proposed in proximity with archeological sites shall be referred to the Prince of Wales Northern Heritage Centre.
- 5.9.5 Development within the Dempster Highway right-of-way is subject to approval from the GNWT Department of Transportation.
- 5.9.6 Vehicular road access to and from the Dempster Highway is subject to the approval of the GNWT Department of Transportation.

5.10 Variance Powers

- 5.10.1 A variance shall only be considered by the Development Authority in cases of unnecessary hardship or practical difficulties unique to the use, character, or situation of land or a building, which are not generally common to other land in the same zone.
- 5.10.2 The Development Authority may approve an application for a development permit where the proposed development does not comply with the provisions of this Bylaw if, in the opinion of the Development Authority:
 - a. the variance is minor;
 - b. denial of the application would cause the applicant unnecessary hardship unique to the use or site; and,
 - c. the variance does not exceed the variance powers of the Development Authority.
- 5.10.3 In considering a variance, the Development Authority shall consider:
 - a. the impact of the variance on municipal infrastructure;
 - b. the impact of the variance on adjacent properties;
 - c. the impact of the variance in the neighbourhood;
 - d. the general purpose of the appropriate zone; and,
 - e. the policies of the Community Plan.

- 5.10.4 In considering a development permit application, the Development Officer's variance powers shall be limited where the variance is requested for:

Projection	Development Officer Variance Powers
a) Minimum front yard setback	10% in all Zones
b) Minimum side yard setback	25% in Zone R1 and R2 10% in all other Zones
c) Minimum rear yard setback	25% in Zone R1 and R2 10% in all other Zones
d) Fence height	0% in front yards 0.15 m in side and rear yards

- 5.10.5 Any variance greater than the allowances identified in **Subsection 5.10.4** above, shall only be granted by Council.

- 5.10.6 Where a side or rear yard variance is requested adjacent to the utilidor, the Development Authority shall circulate the application to the Town of Inuvik Fire Chief and Manager of Public Works for input prior to a decision.

5.11 Conditions

- 5.11.1 The Development Authority may impose, with respect to a permitted use, such conditions as are required to ensure complete compliance with this Bylaw.
- 5.11.2 The Development Authority shall, with respect to a discretionary use, impose such conditions as deemed appropriate to ensure complete compliance with the regulations of this Bylaw and the provisions of the Community Plan.
- 5.11.3 A condition for a Discretionary Use may impose a time limit on the development or use.
- 5.11.4 The Development Authority may, as a condition of issuing a development permit, require the applicant to:
- make satisfactory arrangements for the supply of water, electric power, sewer service, vehicular and pedestrian access, or any of them, including payment of the costs of installation or constructing any such utility or facility by the applicant;
 - provide evidence that an acceptable Fire Safety Plan has been submitted to the Office of the Fire Marshal, and to provide a copy of the Fire Safety Plan;
 - provide evidence of site investigations by a qualified professional engineer to determine the suitability of the site for the intended development;

- d. provide evidence that a building including its foundations will be designed in accordance with the National Building Code of Canada;
- e. provide a traffic study completed by a qualified professional;
- f. provide an environmental assessment completed by a qualified professional to identify risks and mitigation measures relevant to the proposed development;
- g. provide evidence of compliance with any other relevant federal, territorial, or municipal legislation; or,
- h. enter into an agreement or an interim agreement (which shall be attached to and form part of such development permit) to do any or all of the following:
 - i. prior to occupancy provide proof that inspections have been carried out and the development found to be ready for occupancy by authorities or utility providers;
 - ii. construct, or pay for the construction of, a public roadway required to give access to the development;
 - iii. construct, or pay for the construction of, a pedestrian walkway;
 - iv. specify the location and number of vehicular and pedestrian access points to sites from public roadways;
 - v. install, or pay for the installation of, utilities that are necessary to serve the development;
 - vi. construct, or pay for the construction of, off-street or other parking facilities, or loading and unloading facilities;
 - vii. repair or reinstate, or to pay for the repair or reinstatement to original condition, any infrastructure, street furniture, curbing, sidewalk, boulevard landscaping and tree planting which may be damaged, destroyed, or otherwise harmed by development or building operations upon the site; or,
 - viii. register a caveat against the title any agreement entered into.

5.12 Development Agreements

5.12.1 As a condition of development permit approval, the Development Authority may require that the applicant enter into a Development Agreement with the Town, which, in addition to other matters, may require the applicant:

- a. To construct or pay for the construction of any or all of:
 - i. a road required to give access to the Development,
 - ii. a pedestrian walkway system to serve the Development or to give access to an adjacent Development,
 - iii. required water, sewer, and power supply,
 - iv. bear-proof waste bins;
 - v. required off-street parking and loading facilities,
 - vi. required landscaping of the site and any adjoining Site, or,
 - vii. required Municipal Services easements to the Site;

- b. To repair or reinstate, to original condition, any street furniture, curbing, sidewalk, boulevard, landscaping, or trees which may be damaged, destroyed or otherwise harmed by Development or building operations on a Lot;
 - c. To provide an irrevocable letter of credit, or other form of security acceptable to the Development Officer, with a clause specifying automatic term renewal or other form of security acceptable to the Development Officer, to guarantee performance of the conditions of a development permit or Development Agreement; and,
 - d. To enter into an agreement requiring subdivision or consolidation of lots.
- 5.12.2 To ensure compliance with a Development Agreement, the Town may register a Development Agreement as a caveat against the lot being developed, which shall be discharged upon the terms of the agreement being met.

5.13 Decisions of Development Permit

- 5.13.1 The Development Authority must make a decision on an application for a development permit within 40 days of the official receipt of the application.
- 5.13.2 The applicant may request confirmation in writing from the Development Officer that their application has been received.
- 5.13.3 The Development Authority, and applicant, through an agreement in writing, may extend the timeframe to issue a decision on a development permit.
- 5.13.4 An application is deemed to be refused if a decision of the Development Authority has not been made within forty days of the official final receipt of the application and no extension has been agreed to.
- 5.13.5 A development permit does not come into effect until 15 days after the date of decision is publicized. Any development proceeded with prior to the expiry of this period is done solely at the risk of the applicant.

Permitted Use

- 5.13.6 The development authority must approve a development permit application for a permitted use that conforms to the provisions of this Bylaw, with or without conditions as provided for in this Bylaw.
- 5.13.7 If a development permit application for a permitted use does not conform to all provisions of this Bylaw, the Development Authority may:
- a. grant a variance to approve the application, with or without conditions; or,
 - b. refuse the application stating reasons.

Discretionary Use

- 5.13.8 In issuing a decision for a development permit for a discretionary use, with or without a variance, Council as the Development Authority may:
- a. approve the application, with or without conditions; or,
 - b. refuse the application stating reasons.

5.14 Notification of Development Permit

- 5.14.1 When a development permit has been approved, the Development Officer shall, as soon as possible:
- a. post a notice of decision on the lot for which the application has been made; and,
 - b. post a notice of the decision in the municipal office, and any other public location the Development Officer deems necessary.

5.15 Suspending or Revoking a Development Permit

- 5.15.1 The Development Authority may cancel, suspend, or modify an approved development permit by written notice to the holder of the development permit when:
- a. the development application contained a misrepresentation;
 - b. facts concerning the development permit application, or the development were not disclosed at the time the application was considered;
 - c. the development permit was issued in error; or,
 - d. the owner requests cancellation of the development permit in writing.
- 5.15.2 Written notice stating that the development permit has been canceled, suspended, or modified shall be sent by registered mail to the owner and/or occupant of the property affected, and to any contractor engaged in development.
- 5.15.3 Written notice shall state:
- a. the grounds for the cancellation, suspension, or modification;
 - b. the conditions that must be met for a suspended development permit to be reinstated, including appeal.

5.16 Amending a Development Permit

- 5.16.1 Where an amendment to an approved development permit is required as a result of a change in the proposed development, the person whose name the development permit was issued may request an amendment to the approved development permit.
- 5.16.2 At the discretion of the Development Authority, applications for amendments to approved development permits may require updated or new submissions.
- 5.16.3 In considering proposed amendments to an approved development permit, the Development Authority shall consider:
 - a. if the application complies with all applicable regulations of this Bylaw; and,
 - b. the amendment is directly related to the uses and conditions of the effective development permit.
- 5.16.4 Any changes to an approved development permit that require a new variance or a change in use require a new development permit application.

5.17 Appeal of Development Permit

- 5.17.1 A person claiming to be affected by a decision of the Development Authority made under this Bylaw may appeal to the Development Appeal Board by serving written notice of appeal within:
 - a. 14 days after the applicant has received notice of decision or posted at the Municipal Office; or,
 - b. a further time, not exceeding an additional 46 calendar days, that the Chairperson of the Development Appeal Board considers appropriate for “just cause”.



PART SIX: General Provisions

6.1 Grade, Soils and Drainage

- 6.1.1 Lot grades shall be established with a minimum 2.0% gradient, to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.1.2 All lot drainage shall meet the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.1.3 No development shall be permitted unless the surface and subsoil of the land allows for proper drainage and the stability of the buildings and structures to be built can be assured, to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.

6.2 Lot Servicing

- 6.2.1 All new development permit applications must demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the Development Authority, adequate:
 - a. water supply and distribution;
 - b. electricity connections and services;
 - c. sanitary sewer collection and disposal;
 - d. street access; and,
 - e. any other services and facilities, including the payment of costs for installing any such service or facility.

6.3 Moving Buildings (Relocation)

- 6.3.1 A development permit shall be required for moving (relocating) buildings.
- 6.3.2 No person shall move a building or structure including manufactured dwelling larger than 14.00 m² (150.70 sq ft) within, into or out of the municipality without an approved development permit.
- 6.3.3 The Development Authority may refuse to issue a permit for the moving of a building or structure if the building or structure would fail to conform to the requirements of the zone in which it is proposed the building or structure is to be moved.
- 6.3.4 The Development Authority may refuse to issue a permit for the moving of a building or structure if the building or structure is in a decrepit or significantly unsightly condition or issue a condition that the building must be renovated to a certain standard by a certain date.
- 6.3.5 The Development Authority may, as a condition of a development permit, require certain renovations and alterations so that the building will conform with the requirements of the Zoning Bylaw or other bylaws, the National Building Code of Canada, and any other territorial or federal legislation.

- 6.3.6 The Development Authority may require the applicant or owner to provide a security to ensure that the move be completed within a time period specified as a condition of approval.

6.4 Projections

- 6.4.1 No portion of a building shall project onto, over, or into any required yard setback except in accordance with the following:

Projection	Front Yard Setback	Side Yard Setback	Rear Yard Setback
a. Decks, patios, eaves, shade projections, stairs and landings, chimneys, and sills	0.61 meters (2.0 feet)	0.46 meters (1.5 feet)	0.46 meters (1.5 feet)
b. Bay or oriel windows	0.61 meters (2.0 feet)	0.61 meters (2.0 feet)	0.61 meters (2.0 feet)
c. Balconies	1.88 meters (6.2 feet)	0.61 meters (2.0 feet)	1.88 meters (6.2 feet)

- 6.4.2 Notwithstanding **Subsection 6.4.1**, no projections of any kind are permitted within 3.00 m (9.84 ft) of the centerline of the utilidor, in accordance with the Town of Inuvik Water and Sewer Administration Management and Operations Bylaw.

6.5 Setbacks

General Setback Regulations

- 6.5.1 In accordance with the Town of Inuvik Water and Sewer Administration, Management and Operations Bylaw, all buildings and structures shall be setback 3.00 m (9.84 ft) from the centerline of the utilidor.

Setbacks From Power Transmission Lines

- 6.5.2 All buildings, signs, bridges, light standards, antennas, or other structures shall be setback from overhead power transmission lines in accordance with the following:

Overhead Equipment or Conductor	Separation Distance	
	Horizontal	Vertical
a. 0-750 V Insulation	300 mm	300 mm
b. Greater than 750 V Insulation	1.0 m	3.0 m
c. 0-22 KV (bare, exposed, or non-rated insulation)	3.0 m	5.0 m
d. Greater than 22 KV (bare, exposed, or non-rated insulation)	3.0 m plus 10 mm per KV in excess of 22 KV	5.0 m plus 10 mm per KV in excess of 22 KV

Setbacks from Bodies of Water and Shorelines

- 6.5.3 Permanent buildings and development, other than marinas, public access, marine transportation facility, and public utilities, shall be set back a minimum of 30.0 m (98.43 ft) from the bank of the Mackenzie River. For all other waterbodies, the setback shall be at least 5.0 meters, but the Town of Inuvik may require up to 15.0m with cause.

Setbacks from Pipelines

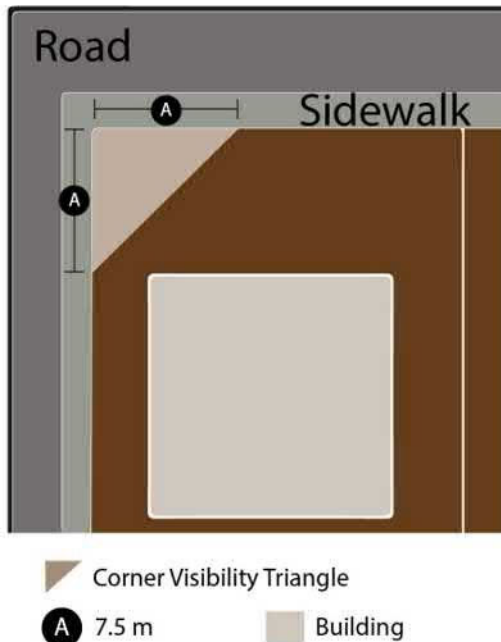
- 6.5.4 No dwelling unit or other habitable building shall be located within 15.5 m (50.85 ft) of the centerline of a pipeline carrying highly pressurized gas or volatile liquid, or pipeline right of way, whichever is closest.

Setbacks from Archaeological Sites

- 6.5.5 The Development Authority may require permanent buildings and development be setback from archeological sites.
- 6.5.6 The Development Authority shall establish a setback based on the proposed development and recommendations from the Prince of Wales Northern Heritage Centre.
- 6.5.7 If, upon after commencement of a permitted development, a heritage resource is discovered, work must cease immediately and the discovery be referred to the relevant territorial authority.

Corner Visibility Triangle

- 6.5.8 Fences, vegetation, buildings, signs, or structures shall not exceed a height of 1.00 m (3.28 ft) within the corner visibility triangle.
- 6.5.9 The corner visibility triangle shall be measured where two roads meet at a right angle to form a triangle with two equal sides 7.50 m (24.61 ft) in length.

**6.6 Protection from Explosive Hazards**

- 6.6.1 The location of a liquefied petroleum gas storage tank or container with a water capacity exceeding 9,100 litres (L) shall be setback 120.00 m (393.70 ft) from lots zoned residential, commercial, or institutional.
- 6.6.2 The location of liquefied petroleum gas storage tank or container with a water capacity of less than 9,100 L shall be located in accordance with Territorial Acts and Regulations.
- 6.6.3 The location of flammable liquids storage tanks shall be located in accordance with Territorial Acts and Regulations.
- 6.6.4 The provision of certified true evidence of such approval and its provision shall be provided to the Development Officer as a condition of permit.

6.7 Fire Protection and Access to Fire Hydrants

- 6.7.1 Access to fire hydrants and the utilidor system must be maintained for direct public access.

- 6.7.2 Notwithstanding **Subsection 6.7.1**, alternative access and fire protection methods may be provided subject to the satisfaction of the Development Authority with input from the Town's Fire Chief.
- 6.7.3 All development shall comply with the requirements of the Water and Sewer Utility Administration, Management and Operations Bylaw.

6.8 Airport Vicinity Protection

- 6.8.1 The Development Authority shall require any development permit application that may have an effect on airport operations be referred to the Airport Commission or Authority, Transport Canada and NavCanada in accordance with **Section 5.9**.
- 6.8.2 No development within the vicinity of the airport or aerodrome shall be allowed that conflicts with airport or aerodrome safety, including:
- a. uses that generate smoke, ash, or steam;
 - b. building or structure height;
 - c. electronic interference with aviation communication and guidance equipment; or,
 - d. any other element that conflicts with airport or aerodrome safety;
- to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.8.3 Any development within the vicinity of the airport shall be subject to the policies, regulations and standards established by the Department of Transportation, Arctic Airports Division, Government of the Northwest Territories and the Inuvik Airport Zoning Regulations pursuant to Section 6 of the *Aeronautics Act*, and as may be amended.

6.9 Mixed Use Buildings

- 6.9.1 A mixed-use building may be occupied by a combination of 1 or more uses listed in a zone, at the discretion of the Development Authority.
- 6.9.2 Each use within a mixed-use building shall be considered a separate use.
- 6.9.3 Dwelling units in a mixed-use building must be located above or behind the non-residential use(s).
- 6.9.4 Each individual dwelling unit in a mixed-use building shall have an entrance separate from the non-residential use(s) with each dwelling unit having indirect (such as via a hallway) or direct access.
- 6.9.5 Notwithstanding **Subsection 6.9.4**, mixed-use buildings that consist of hotels or motels and dwelling units may have dwelling units located on a separate floor from the hotel or motel use with access from a private or public elevator or stairwell.

6.10 Screening

- 6.10.1 A non-residential parcel that shares a boundary line with a residential parcel shall provide screening, to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.10.2 Screening requirements may be met through:
- a. fencing;
 - b. berms;
 - c. landscaping; or,
 - d. a combination thereof;
- to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.10.3 All outdoor storage areas shall be screened to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.

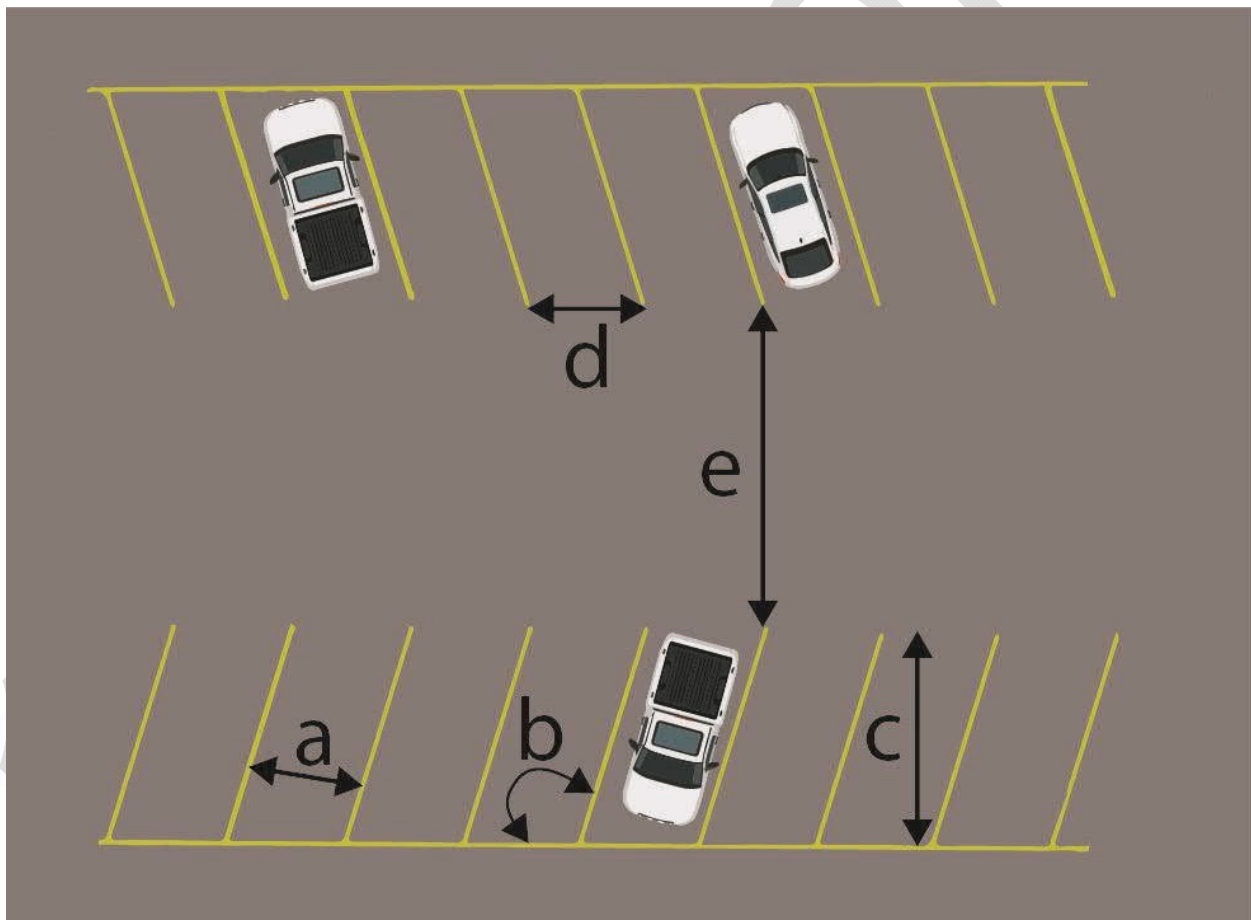
6.11 Parking and Loading

General Parking Requirements

- 6.11.1 Adequate access to, and egress from, individual parking spaces is to be provided at all times by means of unobstructed maneuvering aisles and emergency access to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.11.2 All parking and loading areas shall be in a location acceptable to the Development Authority.
- 6.11.3 All parking and loading areas shall be wholly provided for on the same lot as the building to be served unless otherwise approved by the Development Authority.
- 6.11.4 All parking and loading areas shall:
- a. be graded;
 - b. be adequately lit;
 - c. minimize disruption to the continuity of the pedestrian system of sidewalks and on-site pedestrian spaces; and,
 - d. include curb cuts;
- to the satisfaction of the Development Authority
- 6.11.5 Parking areas for non-residential uses that share a boundary line with a residential parcel shall be screened to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.

6.11.6 Parking stalls and parking areas shall comply with the following minimum dimensions:

Stall Width (a)	Parking Angle (b)	Depth of Space Perpendicular to Maneuvering Aisle (c)	Width of Space Parallel to Maneuvering Aisle (d)	Width of Maneuvering Aisle (e)
2.7 m	0°	2.7 m	7.0 m	3.6 m
2.6 m	45°	5.2 m	3.7 m	3.6 m
2.6 m	60°	5.6 m	3.0 m	5.5 m
2.6 m	90°	5.5 m	2.6 m	7.0 m



6.11.7 Notwithstanding **Subsection 6.11.6**, if a parking stall is adjacent to a permanent structure including but not limited to buildings or pillars, the parking stall shall have a minimum width of 3.00 m (9.84 feet).

- 6.11.8 The number of on-site parking stalls required for residential uses shall conform to the following minimum requirements, unless otherwise stated in this Bylaw:

Use	Minimum Number of Parking Stalls Required
a. Single-Detached Dwelling	Two parking stalls per dwelling unit
b. Duplex Dwelling	Two parking stalls per dwelling unit
c. Secondary Suite	One (in addition to the parking stalls required for the single-detached dwelling)
d. Bed and Breakfast	One per rented guest room
e. Home Occupation	At the discretion of the Development Authority
f. All other Uses	At the discretion of the Development Authority

- 6.11.9 Where a development includes more than one type of use, the required number of spaces shall be the sum of the requirements for each of the uses.
- 6.11.10 Where a building is enlarged, altered or its use is intensified, additional parking may be required at the discretion of the Development Authority.

Barrier-free Parking

- 6.11.11 Barrier-free parking spaces shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of the National Building Code of Canada.
- 6.11.12 Barrier-free spaces should be located in close proximity to the building entrances.
- 6.11.13 Barrier-free parking spaces shall comply with the following minimum dimensions:
- 4.00 m (13.12 ft) in width.
 - All other dimensions shall comply with the requirements of **Subsection 6.11.6.**

Loading Requirements

- 6.11.14 To provide adequate space for loading and unloading, loading stalls shall comply with the following minimum dimensions:
- 3.00 m (9.84 feet) in width;
 - 7.50 m (24.60 feet) in length; and,
 - 4.30 m (14.11 feet) of height clearance.

- 6.11.15 Loading stalls shall be designed so that the loading stalls:
- can be properly maintained;
 - have vehicular access to, and exit from, a street or lane either directly or by a clearly defined traffic aisle; and,
 - do not obstruct the street or sidewalk;
- to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.11.16 The number of on-site loading spaces required shall conform to the following requirements, unless otherwise stated in this Bylaw:

Minimum Number of Loading Stalls Required

a. All Uses	One loading space for each loading door
b. Each building containing 15 or more dwelling units	One loading space

- 6.11.17 Notwithstanding **Subsection 6.11.16**, additional loading stalls may be required at the discretion of the Development Authority.

Queuing Lanes and Spaces

- 6.11.18 Queuing lanes shall be designed to allow adequate access and for the safe and orderly operation of motor vehicles to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.11.19 Queuing spaces must not interfere with pedestrian crossings, vehicle parking, or access to a site.
- 6.11.20 Queuing spaces shall comply with the following minimum dimensions:
- 3.00 m (9.84 feet) in width; and,
 - 6.40 m (30.0 feet) in length.
- 6.11.21 Queueing lanes that share a boundary with a residential parcel shall be screened to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.

6.12 Waste

- 6.12.1 All developments shall provide containers for the purpose of depositing waste, debris, and recyclable materials to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.12.2 Areas storing waste and recycling containers shall be screened from public view to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.

- 6.12.3 In accordance with **Section 5.12**, the Development Authority may require as a condition of development permit approval that the applicant enter into a Development Agreement with the Town to pay for any necessary bear-proof waste bins.

6.13 Water Usage and Protection

- 6.13.1 Development permit applications for the following uses shall describe anticipated water needs and water source:
- a. agriculture;
 - b. brewery and distillery;
 - c. cannabis production and manufacturing facility;
 - d. carwash;
 - e. greenhouse; and,
 - f. any other uses at the discretion of the Development Authority.
- 6.13.2 The Development Authority shall only approve applications described in **Subsection 6.13.1** that provide acceptable water to the use to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.13.3 Where there is a potential for air or water pollution resulting from a particular use, the application for a development permit may be referred by the Development Authority to the appropriate Government Agency for study and recommendation. The Development Authority shall give due regard to recommendations in dealing with the application.
- 6.13.4 No development which might endanger or impair the quality of water, including within watershed reserves, shall be allowed unless adequate protections are proposed, to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 6.13.5 All development shall comply with the setback requirements from bodies of water described in **Section 6.5.3**.



PART SEVEN: Specific Use Regulations

7.1 Accessory Buildings or Structures

- 7.1.1 Where any building or structure on a site is attached to a principal building in any way, it shall be deemed to be part of the principal building and not a separate accessory building or structure.
- 7.1.2 Accessory buildings or structures are subject to the same yard setback requirements required for a principal building in that zone.
- 7.1.3 No accessory building shall be used for human habitation unless granted approval through a development permit for a secondary suite.
- 7.1.4 Accessory buildings shall be located a minimum of 3.00 m (9.84 feet) from the principal building or another accessory building on the same parcel.
- 7.1.5 Sea containers kept on a lot more than 30 calendar days shall be considered an accessory building and require a development permit. These shall be installed in a sightly manner.

7.2 Fences

- 7.2.1 Fence height shall be measured from grade.
- 7.2.2 Fence height for all parcels, including corner parcels, shall not exceed:
 - a. 1.00 m (3.28 ft) in front yards; and,
 - b. 2.00 m (6.56 ft) in side and rear yards.
- 7.2.3 On corner lots, fence height shall comply with the regulations of **Subsections 6.5.5 and 6.5.6**.
- 7.2.4 In accordance with the Town of Inuvik Water and Sewer Administration, Management and Operations Bylaw, fences shall not obstruct access to the Town of Inuvik fire hydrants or utilidor.

7.3 Carwash

- 7.3.1 Development permit applications for carwashes shall describe anticipated water needs and water source.
- 7.3.2 Water or wastewater shall not be allowed to drain off the site.
- 7.3.3 Water or wastewater associated with the use shall be retained and disposed of in a manner satisfactory to the Development Authority.
- 7.3.4 The Development Authority shall only approve applications for carwashes that provide and dispose of water to their satisfaction.

7.4 Motel and Hotel

- 7.4.1 In situations where the Motel or Hotel is located in multiple buildings, a minimum of 3.70 m (12.14 ft) of separation shall be provided between each unit and any other building on the site.
- 7.4.2 Dwelling units located within motels and hotels shall be considered a mixed-use building and comply with the requirements of **Section 6.9**.

7.5 Multiple Dwelling Developments

- 7.5.1 For all residential developments containing three or more dwelling units, the following must be provided to the satisfaction of the Development Authority:
- a. access for fire department vehicles and other emergency vehicles;
 - b. pedestrian access within the site and joining to public sidewalks;
 - c. an enclosed waste storage area; and,
 - d. indoor, outdoor or a combination of indoor and outdoor amenity space calculated at a minimum of 5.0 m² (53.8 sq ft) per dwelling unit.
- 7.5.2 All costs associated with the development of the outdoor recreation space shall be the responsibility of the developer.

7.6 Manufactured Dwellings

- 7.6.1 Manufactured dwellings shall be placed on permanent foundations and footings that comply with the requirements of the National Building Code of Canada.
- 7.6.2 Manufactured dwellings shall have a foundation or skirting that allows adequate ventilation to maintain permafrost, and matches the exterior appearance of the manufactured dwelling to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 7.6.3 Additions to a manufactured dwelling shall require a foundation or skirting equivalent to that of the existing manufactured dwelling.
- 7.6.4 As a condition of development permit approval, the Development Authority may require that the hitch and wheels of any manufactured dwelling be removed within 60 days of the placement of the manufactured dwelling.
- 7.6.5 Permanent additions such as patios, porches, garages, or other structural additions:
- a. are considered to be part of the manufactured dwelling and require a development permit prior to construction;
 - b. may not exceed 50 percent of the manufactured dwelling unit area, or 50 percent of the lot area.

7.7 Daycares

- 7.7.1 All daycares shall:
- a. conform to the *GNWT Child Day Care Act* and Child Day Care Standards and Regulations or as amended,
 - b. not be the principal use of a building within a residential zone; and,
 - c. provide screening;
- to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.

7.8 Assisted Living Facility

- 7.8.1 The maximum number of units within an assisted living facility shall be established by the Development Authority and shall be based upon the nature of the facility.

7.9 Caretaker Units

- 7.9.1 Caretaker units shall be designed as one dwelling unit either stand-alone or incorporated within a building utilized by the principal use.
- 7.9.2 Caretaker units shall have a separate access from the principal use.
- 7.9.3 Only one caretaker unit shall be permitted per parcel.
- 7.9.4 Occupancy of the caretaker unit shall be conditional to the active commercial or industrial principal use on the parcel.

7.10 Home Occupations

- 7.10.1 A home occupation shall be accessory to the principal residential use.
- 7.10.2 A home occupation may be located in a dwelling unit or accessory building, including a detached garage.
- 7.10.3 A home occupation must be operated and occupied by a resident of the dwelling unit.
- 7.10.4 A home occupation shall not:
- a. create excessive noise;
 - b. interfere with radio or television reception to adjacent properties;
 - c. have outdoor storage;
 - d. generate pedestrian traffic, vehicular traffic, or parking in excess of that which is characteristic of the zone within which it is located;
 - e. exceed three employees; and,
 - f. exceed six customers at any one time.
- 7.10.5 Motor vehicles and trailers associated with a home occupation may be stored on outdoor parking spaces.

- 7.10.6 Signage associated with a home occupation shall not exceed an area of 0.30 m² (3.23 sq ft).
- 7.10.7 Home occupations shall be required to obtain a business license in accordance with the Town of Inuvik Business Licence Bylaw.

7.11 Bed and Breakfast

- 7.11.1 A bed and breakfast shall:
 - a. be accessory to the principal residential use;
 - b. be operated and occupied by a resident of the dwelling unit;
 - c. only be allowed in a single-detached dwelling; and,
 - d. be limited to a maximum of four rental guest rooms.
- 7.11.2 A bed and breakfast shall not be located within an accessory building or secondary suite.
- 7.11.3 A bed and breakfast may have one non-resident employee working onsite.
- 7.11.4 Cooking facilities in a bed and breakfast are not allowed in rented guest rooms.
- 7.11.5 The Development Authority may refer development permit applications to the Town of Inuvik Fire Department.

7.12 Scrap Yards

- 7.12.1 Scrap yards shall not be allowed within 30.00 m (98.43 ft) of naturally occurring seasonal or permanent sources of water including but not limited to lakes, rivers, streams, ponds, and creeks.
- 7.12.2 Scrap yards shall be setback from residential parcels by 400.0 m (1,312.34 ft).
- 7.12.3 Scrap yards shall be screened to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 7.12.4 Scrap yards may include secure access gates.

7.13 Secondary Suite

- 7.13.1 One secondary suite is allowed per parcel.
- 7.13.2 Secondary suites shall only be allowed on parcels for single-detached dwellings.
- 7.13.3 A secondary suite shall not include a bed and breakfast or Day Home.
- 7.13.4 A secondary suite located within a principal dwelling shall not exceed a maximum of 50.00% of the gross floor area of the principal building.

Secondary Suites within Accessory Buildings

- 7.13.5 A secondary suite may be located within or above an accessory building.
- 7.13.6 A secondary suite located within an accessory building shall have:
- a. a permanent foundation or pilings that complies with the requirements of the National Building Code of Canada; and,
 - b. a foundation or skirting that allows adequate ventilation to maintain permafrost, and matches the exterior appearance of the principal building;
- to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 7.13.7 A secondary suite located within an accessory building shall have a maximum.
- a. gross floor area of 100.00 m² (1,076.39 sq ft), and,
 - b. building height of 6.50 m (21.33 ft).
- 7.13.8 A secondary suite located within an accessory building should resemble the principal building in character and appearance through the use of similar materials, colors, and appearance.
- 7.13.9 Windows in a secondary suite within an accessory building should be designed and oriented to minimize overlook onto adjacent properties.

7.14 Cannabis Retail

- 7.14.1 If the territorial license for cannabis retail is revoked or the license expires, the development permit issued for the cannabis retail shall automatically terminate.

7.15 Cannabis Production and Manufacturing Facility

- 7.15.1 The applicant must provide, as a condition of a development permit for a cannabis production and manufacturing facility, a copy of the current license for all activities associated with cannabis production as issued by Health Canada.
- 7.15.2 A cannabis production and manufacturing facility shall not be located within 75.00 m (246.06 ft) of a residential zone, the Community Use Zone, or the Institutional zone, measured from the building containing the use closest to the nearest boundary line of a parcel within that zone.
- 7.15.3 A cannabis production and manufacturing facility must include equipment designed to remove odours from the air discharged from the facility as part of a ventilation system to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 7.15.4 A cannabis production and manufacturing facility shall be developed and operated in a manner where all the operations are fully contained within the

building including all loading stalls and docks, and waste containers and waste material.

- 7.15.5 Outdoor storage shall not be allowed for cannabis production and manufacturing facility.
- 7.15.6 If the federal license for a cannabis production and manufacturing facility is revoked or the license expires, the development permit issued for the cannabis production and manufacturing facility shall automatically terminate.

7.16 Tiny Homes

- 7.16.1 A tiny home shall be placed on a permanent foundation as per the National Building Code.
- 7.16.2 A tiny home community should have units oriented to front the public street where possible. If it is unfeasible for a unit to front the street, building façade facing the street shall include a minimum of two of the following architectural features: a. primary building entrance; b. front decks; c. variation in façade depth so as to avoid the creation of large featureless walls; or d. variation in siding and trim material and/or colour.
- 7.16.3 A tiny home community shall have: a maximum lot coverage of 40%, a maximum building height of 10.0 m.
- 7.16.4 A minimum building separation of 6 m is required on at least two sides of each residential building. A minimum 2.5 m building separation is required on all other sides of each residential building

7.17 Special Care Facilities


- 7.17.1 A Special Care Residence or Facility shall comply with the following regulations:
- a) the maximum number of residents shall be established by Council and shall be based upon the nature of the special care residence or special care facility and/or the nature of the zone in which it is located;
 - b) a special care residence or special care facility shall not generate pedestrian traffic, vehicular traffic, or parking in excess of that which is characteristic of the zone in which it is located; and
 - c) a special care residence or special care facility will be subject to all development regulations of that zone in which it is located.

- 7.17.2 Each application to develop a Special Care Residence or Facility shall be accompanied by a report of a Professional Planner or document approved by the Development Officer, indicating that a detailed planning analysis of the proposed development has been carried out.



PART EIGHT: Zoning Regulations

8.1 Land Use Zones

- 8.1.1 Land Use Zones boundaries are shown on Appendix A – Land Use Map.
 - 8.1.2 Land Use Zones boundaries that approximately follow a parcel boundary shall be deemed to follow that parcel boundary.
 - 8.1.3 Where a Land Use Zone boundary cannot be reasonably determined, Council shall determine the exact location of the boundary.
 - 8.1.4 The Land Use Map may be amended or replaced by Bylaw from time to time.
 - 8.1.5 The purpose statement in each Land Use Zone states the intent of the zone.
 - 8.1.6 The Development Authority shall not allow the use of land, or a building not listed as a permitted use or discretionary use in the zones in which it is situated unless it is established as a similar use, in accordance with **Section 5.7**.
 - 8.1.7 The provisions that are outlined in **Section 6.0** and **Section 7.0** apply to all zones here within.
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8.2 R1 – Low Density Residential

Purpose: To allow for low-density residential uses, parks and recreation, and other neighbourhood-scale uses for residents.

Table 8.2-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building	Assisted Living Facility
Accessory Use	Bed and Breakfast
Dwelling, Duplex	Day Care Facility
Dwelling, Secondary Suite	Day Home
Dwelling, Single-Detached	Dwelling, Manufactured
Park	Dwelling, Multi-Unit
Public Utility	Dwelling, Mixed-Use Building
	Health Care Service
	Home Occupation
	Personal Service Establishment
	Place of Worship
	Retail, Neighbourhood Convenience
	Tiny Home

Development Regulations

- 8.2.1 Unless explicitly stated otherwise in this Bylaw, the following development standards shall apply to the uses in the Low-Density Residential (R1) Zone.

Table 8.2-2 Development Regulations

	Single-Detached Dwelling	Manufactured Dwelling	Duplex Dwelling	All Other Uses
a. Minimum Lot Area	350 m ²		575 m ²	350 m ²
b. Maximum Lot Coverage	50% for principal buildings; 62% for all buildings			50.0%
c. Minimum Front Yard Setback	5.0 m			
d. Minimum Rear Yard Setback	3.0 m			
e. Minimum Side Yard Setback	1.5 m for all parcels; 4.6 for Corner lots; and 3.0 m from a utilidor			
f. Maximum Building Height	10.5 m	5.0 m	10.5 m	At the discretion of the Development Authority

8.2.2 In the case of multiple unit buildings, the side yard requirement along the common wall is waived.

8.3 R2 – Medium Density Residential

Purpose: To allow for medium density residential uses, parks and recreation, and other neighbourhood-scale uses for residents.

Table 8.3-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building	Assisted Living Facility
Accessory Use	Bed and Breakfast
Dwelling, Duplex	Day Care Facility
Dwelling, Multi-Unit	Day Home
Dwelling, Secondary Suite	Dwelling, Manufactured
Public Utility	Dwelling, Single-Detached
	Dwelling, Mixed-Use Building
	Health Care Service
	Home Occupation
	Park
	Personal Service Establishment
	Place of Worship
	Retail, Neighbourhood Convenience
	Special Care Facility
	Tiny Home
	Tiny Home Community

Development Regulations

- 8.3.1 Unless explicitly stated otherwise in this Bylaw, the following development standards shall apply to the uses in the Medium Density Residential (R2) Zone.

Table 8.3-2 Development Regulations

	Single-Detached Dwelling	Manufactured Dwelling	Duplex Dwelling	Multi-Unit Dwelling and Mixed-Use Buildings	All Other Uses
a. Minimum Lot Area	350 m ²		575 m ²	800 m ²	350 m ²
b. Maximum Lot Coverage	50% for principal buildings; and, 62% for all buildings			35% for all buildings	At the discretion of the Development Authority
c. Minimum Front Yard Setback	5.0 m				
d. Minimum Rear Yard Setback	3.0 m				
e. Minimum Side Yard Setback	1.5 m for all parcels; 4.6 for Corner lots; and, 3.0 m from a utilidor			3.0 m for all parcels; 4.6 for Corner lots; and, 3.0 m from a utilidor	
f. Maximum Building Height	10.5 m	5.0 m	10.5 m	12.0 m	

8.3.2 In the case of multiple unit buildings, the side yard requirement along the common wall is waived.

8.3.3 The density of multi-unit dwellings and mixed-use buildings shall not exceed 60 units per hectare.

8.4 CR – Country Residential

Purpose: To allow for single-detached dwellings and compatible development in a rural setting with a limited level of services.

Table 8.15-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building Accessory Use Dwelling, Cottage Dwelling, Secondary Suite Dwelling, Single-Detached Park Public Utility	Bed and Breakfast Day Home Dwelling, Caretaker Suite Dwelling, Manufactured Greenhouse Home Occupation Industrial, Light Marina Personal Service Establishment Retail, Neighbourhood Convenience

Development Regulations

- 8.4.1 Unless explicitly stated otherwise in this Bylaw, the following development standards shall apply to the uses in the Country Residential (CR) Zone.
- 8.4.2 The Development Authority shall refer any application to the Airport Commission or Authority, Transport Canada, and NavCanada for input for consideration.
- 8.4.3 In accordance with **Section 6.5**, permanent buildings and development, other than marinas, public access, and public utilities, shall be set back a minimum of 10.00 m (33 ft) from the bank of Shell Lake.

Table 8.15-2 Development Regulations

Development Regulations

a. Minimum Lot Area	0.15 hectares
b. Maximum Lot Area	2.0 Hectares
c. Maximum Lot Coverage	25.0% for principal buildings 30.0% for all buildings
d. Minimum Front Yard Setback	15.0 m for all buildings
e. Minimum Rear Yard Setback	15.0 m for principal buildings 1.0 m for accessory buildings
f. Minimum Side Yard Setback	10.0 m for principal buildings; 1.0 m for accessory buildings
g. Maximum Building Height	10.0 m for all buildings

8.5 DT – Downtown Core

Purpose: To allow for a mix of commercial uses and residential dwellings within the center of town. Allows for mixed use businesses that service residents and visitors.

Table 8.4-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building Accessory Use Day Care Facility Eating and Drinking Establishment Entertainment Establishment Office Park Personal Service Establishment Public Utility Place of Worship Retail Store Retail, Neighbourhood Convenience	Assisted Living Facility Bed and Breakfast Brewery and Distillery Day Home Dwelling, Single-Detached (Approved prior to third reading of this Bylaw) Dwelling, Manufactured Home (Approved prior to third reading of this Bylaw) Dwelling, Multiple Unit Funeral Parlour Greenhouse Health Care Service Home Occupation Hotel/Motel Recreation Facility Retail, Cannabis Retail, Liquor Special Care Facility Scientific Research and Development Facility Tiny Home Community

Development Regulations

8.5.1 Unless explicitly stated otherwise in this Bylaw, the following development standards shall apply to the uses in the Downtown Core (DT) Zone.

Table 8.4-2 Development Regulations

Development Regulations	
a. Minimum Lot Area	278 m ²
b. Minimum Lot Depth	30.0 m
c. Minimum Lot Width	7.5 m
d. Maximum Lot Coverage	At the Discretion of the Development Authority
e. Minimum Front Yard Setback	0.0 m
f. Minimum Rear Yard Setback	6.0 m
g. Minimum Side Yard Setback	2.5 m for all parcels; and, 3.0 m from a utilidor and adjacent to a residential Zone
h. Maximum Building Height	13.0 m

8.5.2 Off-street parking shall be located along the sides of the building or behind the building not between the primary business and the frontage and the street.

8.5.3 In the case of multiple unit buildings, the side yard requirement along the common wall is waived.

8.5.4 Landscaped screening shall be provided between any yard adjacent to a roadway to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.

8.5.5 All outdoor storage areas shall be screened from view through the use of buildings, landscape features, fences, or a combination thereof to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.

8.6 HC – Highway Commercial

Purpose: To allow for commercial and light industrial uses that require larger areas of land and direct or indirect access to the Mackenzie Highway.

Table 8.6-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building	Agriculture
Accessory Use	Assisted Living Facility
Eating and Drinking Establishment	Automotive Sales and Service
Office	Brewery and Distillery
Park	Bulk Fuel Depot
Personal Service Establishment	Campground
Public Utility	Car Wash
Retail Store	Funeral Parlour
	Greenhouse
	Health Care Service
	Hotel/Motel
	Industrial, Light
	Place of Worship
	Retail, Cannabis
	Retail, Liquor
	Service Station
	Veterinary Clinic
	Workcamp

Development Regulations

- 8.6.1 Unless explicitly stated otherwise in this Bylaw, the following development standards shall apply to the uses in the Highway Commercial (C2) Zone.

Table 8.6-2 Development Regulations

Development Regulations

a. Minimum Lot Area	At the discretion of the Development Authority
b. Maximum Lot Coverage	30.0% for principal buildings; and, 35.0% for all buildings
c. Minimum Front Yard Setback	15.0 m for all buildings
d. Minimum Rear Yard Setback	7.0 m for principal buildings; and, 1.0 m for accessory buildings
e. Minimum Side Yard Setback	6.0 m for principal buildings; and, 1.0 m for accessory buildings
f. Maximum Building Height	12.0 m for all buildings

- 8.6.2 Accessory buildings shall not be located within the front yard setback.
- 8.6.3 In the case of multiple unit buildings, the side yard requirement along the common wall is waived.
- 8.6.4 Where adjacent to the Mackenzie Highway, new development shall provide a service roadway of not less than 15.00 m (49.21 ft.) in width adjacent and parallel to the highway, to municipal standards.
- 8.6.5 Landscaped screening shall be provided between any yard adjacent to a highway or roadway to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 8.6.6 All outdoor storage areas shall be screened from view through the use of buildings, landscape features, fences, or a combination thereof to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 8.6.7 Prior to a decision on a development permit application, the Development Authority may refer the application to the GNWT Department of Transportation in accordance with **Section 5.9**.

8.7 CU – Community Use

Purpose: To allow for publicly and privately owned facilities of institutional purposes or community benefit.

Table 8.7-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building	Assisted Living Facility
Accessory Use	Dwelling, Mixed Use Building
Cemetery	Entertainment Establishment
Day Care Facility	Fitness Studio
Eating and Drinking Establishment	Greenhouse
Funeral Parlour	Marina
Health Care Service	Public Roadways
Hospital Institution	Public Utility
Office	Retail Store
Park	Retail, Neighbourhood Convenience
Public Assembly	Special Care Facility
Recreation Facility	
Place of Worship	

Development Regulations

- 8.7.1 Council shall be the Development Authority for all uses in this zone.
- 8.7.2 All development regulations shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by the Development Authority.

8.8 I – Industrial

Purpose: To allow for industrial uses that may generate negative impacts as a result of activities on site.

Table 8.8-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building	Agriculture
Accessory Use	Automotive Sales and Service
Industrial, Light	Bakery
Kennel	Brewery and Distillery
Public Utility	Bulk Fuel Depot
Veterinary Clinic	Cannabis Production and Manufacturing
	Car Wash
	Dwelling, Caretaker Unit
	Greenhouse
	Industrial, Heavy
	Marina
	Marine Transportation Facility
	Office
	Park
	Quarry
	Retail Store
	Scientific Research and Development Facility
	Scrap Yard
	Service Station
	Solid Waste Disposal Site
	Workcamp

Development Regulations

- 8.8.1 Unless explicitly stated otherwise in this Bylaw, the following development standards shall apply to the uses in the Industrial (IN) Zone.

Table 8.8-2 Development Regulations**Development Regulations**

a. Minimum Lot Area	At the discretion of the Development Authority
b. Maximum Lot Coverage	60% for all buildings
c. Minimum Front Yard Setback	6.0 m
d. Minimum Rear Yard Setback	5.0 m for all properties except 7.5 m for parcels adjacent to a residential zone
e. Minimum Side Yard Setback	4.5 m
f. Maximum Building Height	10.0 m

- 8.8.2 A caretaker's unit shall not exceed 100.00 m² (1,076.39 ft) in floor area.
- 8.8.3 Outdoor storage must be screened, to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 8.8.4 In the case of multiple unit buildings, the side yard requirement along the common wall is waived.

8.9 PO – Parks and Open Space

Purpose: To allow for specific areas of land for active and passive recreational uses.

Table 8.9-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building Accessory Use Park	Campground Cemetery Greenhouse Public Utility Recreation Facility Marina Traditional and Cultural Activities

Development Regulations

8.9.1 Unless explicitly stated otherwise in this Bylaw, the following development standards shall apply to the uses in the Parks and Open Space (PO) Zone.

Table 8.9-2 Development Regulations

Development Regulations	
a. Minimum Lot Area	At the discretion of the Development Authority
b. Maximum Lot Coverage	60% for all buildings
c. Minimum Front Yard Setback	6.0 m
d. Minimum Rear Yard Setback	5.0 m for all properties except 7.5 m for parcels adjacent to a residential zone
e. Minimum Side Yard Setback	4.5 m
f. Maximum Building Height	10.0 m

8.9.2 Council shall be the Development Authority for all uses in this zone.

8.10 H – Hinterland

Purpose: To protect those natural areas outside the built-up area of Inuvik. Uses in this Zone shall be limited to resource extraction, cultural activities, passive recreation, and temporary uses.

Table 8.12-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building Accessory Use Public Utility Traditional and Cultural Activities	Agriculture Bulk Fuel Depot Dwelling, Cottage Gun Range / Shooting Range Kennel Marina Marine Transportation Facility Natural Resource Development Park Public Roadway Public Utility Quarry Scrap Yard Solid Waste Site Workcamp

Development Regulations

- 8.10.1 Council shall be the Development Authority for all uses in this zone.
- 8.10.2 No subdivision or development other than for the above uses shall proceed without amending the Community Plan and land use concept.
- 8.10.3 All development regulations shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by the Development Authority.
- 8.10.4 The Development Authority may refer any application in proximity to the Airport or Aerodrome to the Airport Commission or Authority, Transport Canada, and NavCanada for input for consideration.
- 8.10.5 The Development Authority may refer any application to the Prince of Wales Northern Heritage Centre for input and information related to development in proximity to archeological sites.

8.11 A – Aerospace

Purposes:

1. Recognize the jurisdiction of the Government of the Northwest Territories and the Government of Canada over public airport lands forming part of the Inuvik Airport as designated in the Commissioners' Public Airport Lands Regulations.
2. To allow for industrial uses that the installation and operation of equipment used for scientific research, technology, or communications that do not produce any negative impacts or require specific setbacks.

Table 8.17-1 Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Permitted Uses	Discretionary Uses
Accessory Building Accessory Use Airport Industrial Light Marina Public Utility Satellite Facility Scientific Research and Development Facility Traditional and Cultural Activities	Aerodrome Bulk Fuel Depot Car Wash Day Home Dwelling, Caretaker Suite Eating and Drinking Establishment Greenhouse Industrial, Heavy Kennel Natural Resource Development Office Park Public Roadway Quarry Service Station Solid Waste Site Workcamp

Development Regulations

- 8.11.1 All uses and developments on those Commissioner's public airport lands shall be subject only to the approval of the Government of the Northwest Territories. For greater certainty, nothing in this Bylaw shall apply to the use or development of those Commissioner's public airport lands.
- 8.11.2 The Development Authority, if requested, may provide input respecting any proposed development on Commissioner's public airport lands.
- 8.11.3 The Development Authority shall refer any application to the Airport Commission or Authority, Transport Canada, and NavCanada for input for consideration.



PART NINE: Signs

9.1 Development Permits for Signs

- 9.1.1 All signs shall require a development permit unless otherwise specified under this Bylaw.
- 9.1.2 The Development Authority for development permits for signs shall be the Development Officer, unless in the opinion of the Development Officer the application should be referred to Council for a decision.
- 9.1.3 An application for a development permit for a sign shall be made to the Development Authority in writing in the form prescribed by the Development Authority.
- 9.1.4 At the Discretion of the Development Authority, signage may be reviewed as part of the same development permit application for a new building or use.
- 9.1.5 An application for a development permit for a sign shall include:
 - a. a completed application form signed by the registered owner of the subject property, and the applicant or the applicant's agents;
 - b. an application fee as established by the Town;
 - c. a recent copy of the Certificate of Title (within 30 days of the application submission date) indicating ownership and other interests; and,
 - d. current copies (within 30 days of the application submission date) of any restrictive covenants, caveats, or easements.
- 9.1.6 At the discretion of the Development Authority, an application for a development permit for a sign may also require:
 - a. site plan showing the sign location;
 - b. drawing(s) showing the following sign elements:
 - i. dimensions including sign height and width;
 - ii. total sign area; and,
 - iii. elevation of sign measured from grade.
 - c. building elevations identifying the following:
 - i. sign location on the building frontage; and,
 - ii. dimensions of the building frontage.

- d. details of any support or details on how a sign will be installed;
- e. details of any lighting or sign illumination; and,
- f. any other information or documentation the Development Authority may deem necessary to review the sign development permit application.

9.2 Signs Not Requiring a Development Permit

9.2.1 The following signs do not require a development permit provided that the sign otherwise complies with the provisions of this Bylaw:

- a. a sign located within a building;
- b. a sign posted or exhibited in or on an operating motor vehicle if the vehicle is not parked (temporarily or permanently) for the sole purpose of displaying the sign;
- c. a statutory or official notice of a function of the Town of Inuvik;
- d. traffic and directional signs;
- e. the erection of campaign signs for federal, territorial, municipal, or school board elections on private properties for no more than 30 days, or such other time as regulated under territorial or federal legislation provided that:
 - i. such signs are removed within 10 days of the election date;
 - ii. the consent of the property owner or occupant is obtained;
 - iii. such signs do not obstruct or impair vision or traffic;
 - iv. such signs are not attached to utility poles; and,
 - v. such signs indicate the name and address of the sponsor and the person responsible for removal.
- f. a sign that is posted or exhibited solely for the identification of the land or building on which it is displayed (e.g., signs for professional, corporate or trade name plates identifying the occupants), if the sign:
 - i. does not exceed 1.00 m² (10.76 sq ft) in size; and
 - ii. is posted only at each entrance from which access from a public roadway to the building is provided.
- g. a sign that is posted for the sale, lease, or rental of land of a building if the sign:
 - i. is not capable of being illuminated;
 - ii. is 4.00 m² (43.06 sq ft) or less in size; and,
 - iii. is posted only on each side of the building or land facing a different public roadway.
- h. murals; and,
- i. temporary signs on private property for no more than 30 days.

9.3 General Sign Provisions

- 9.3.1 A structure used to hold or support a sign is considered part of the sign.
- 9.3.2 Where a sign is double sided, sign area shall be calculated for one side only.
- 9.3.3 A sign shall be well maintained and kept in a condition satisfactory to the Development Authority.
- 9.3.4 No sign shall be of such size or design or placed in such a way as to, in the opinion of the Development Authority, be a traffic hazard, interfere with any traffic control device, obstruct the vision of vehicular traffic, or otherwise impede traffic or pedestrian movements at any time.
- 9.3.5 A sign shall be safely and securely attached to a building, structure or to the ground using methods of support to the satisfaction of the Development Authority.
- 9.3.6 A sign shall not be attached to the utilidor, a fence, pole, tree, or any object in a road or publicly owned parcel.
- 9.3.7 A sign shall be for on-site advertising unless approved by the Development Authority.
- 9.3.8 Where exterior lighting is incorporated into a sign, lighting shall be oriented downward and designed to illuminate the sign area only.
- 9.3.9 A sign shall not be allowed in any road or publicly owned parcel without an approved Encroachment Agreement.

9.4 Sign Location Provisions

- 9.4.1 When a sign is located on a corner parcel, the sign shall comply with the regulations of **Section 6.5**.
- 9.4.2 In addition to the setback requirements described in this section, signs shall comply with the setback requirements of the Zone they are located within.
- 9.4.3 Signs must be located no further than 30.00 m (98.43 ft.) from the principal building.

9.5 Fascia Sign

Location

- 9.5.1 A fascia sign may be located in any zone.
- 9.5.2 A fascia sign shall be located on a building frontage.
- 9.5.3 A fascia sign shall have a minimum clearance of 1.50 m (4.92 ft) when measured from grade to the bottom of the sign structure.

Size

- 9.5.4 The total area of a fascia sign shall not exceed 20.00% of the building face which the sign is located on to a maximum area of 35.00 m² (376.74 sq ft).
- 9.5.5 A fascia sign shall not project more than 0.50 m past the wall to which it is attached.

Quantity

- 9.5.6 Only one fascia sign will be permitted for each business within the development.

9.6 Freestanding Sign

- 9.6.1 A freestanding sign may rotate at no more than 6 revolutions per minute.

Location

- 9.6.2 A freestanding sign may only be located within the following zones:

- a. DT – Downtown Core
- b. C1 – Commercial
- c. C2 – Highway Commercial
- d. CU – Community Use
- e. IN - Industrial
- f. ST – Science and Technology
- g. UR – Urban Reserve
- h. HL – Hinterland
- i. SD1 – Special Development Area One
- j. SD2 – Special Development Area Two
- k. SD-4 – Special Development Area Four
- l. A – Airport

- 9.6.3 A freestanding sign shall not project within 0.60 m (1.96 ft.) of the property line, or within 2.00 m (6.56 ft.) of overhead utility lines.

Size

- 9.6.4 A freestanding sign shall not exceed a height of 9.10 m (29.86 ft.) measured from grade.
- 9.6.5 A freestanding sign shall have a maximum sign area of 8.00 m² (86.11 sq ft).

Quantity

- 9.6.6 One freestanding sign is permitted per building frontage.
- 9.6.7 Multiple freestanding signs must be located 90.00 m (295.27 ft.) apart from one another.

9.7 Canopy Sign

Location

- 9.7.1 A canopy sign may be located in any zone.
- 9.7.2 A canopy sign shall be located on a building frontage.
- 9.7.3 A canopy sign shall not project more than 2.00 m (6.56 ft.) over a sidewalk.
- 9.7.4 A canopy sign shall have a minimum clearance of 3.00 m (9.84 ft) between the bottom of the Canopy and grade or walkway.

Size

- 9.7.5 The total area of a canopy sign shall not exceed 20% of the building face which the sign is located on to a maximum area of 35.00 m² (376.74 sq ft).

Quantity

- 9.7.6 The number of canopy signs allowed on a building frontage shall be at the discretion of the Development Authority.

9.8 Monument Sign

Location

- 9.8.1 A monument sign may be located in any zone.
- 9.8.2 A monument sign shall not project within 0.60 m (1.97 ft.) of the property line.

Size

- 9.8.3 A monument sign shall not exceed 2.00 m² (21.53 sq ft).
- 9.8.4 A monument sign shall not exceed 3.50 m (11.48 sq ft) in height.

Quantity

- 9.8.5 Two monument signs are allowed per lot.

9.9 Projecting Sign

Location

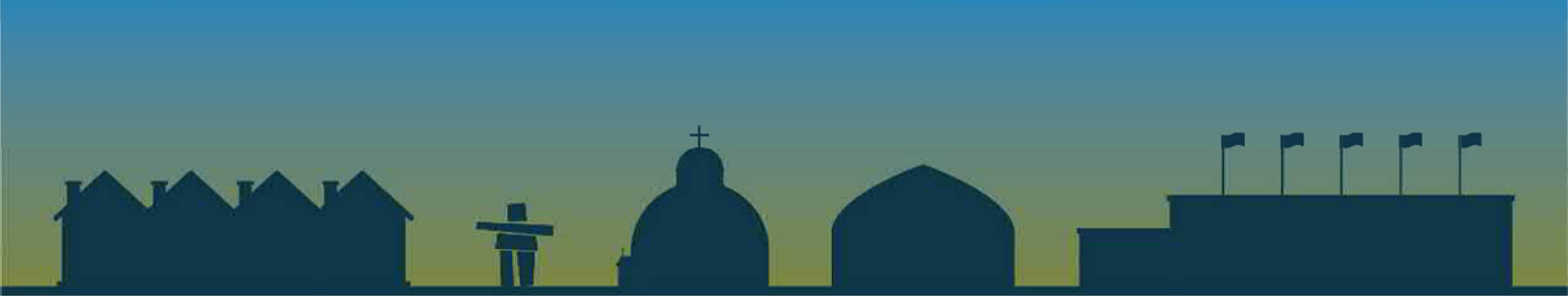
- 9.9.1 A projecting sign may be located in any zone.
- 9.9.2 A projecting sign shall be placed at right angles to the building face, except when located at the corner of the building, at which time the projecting sign shall be placed at equal angles to the building faces.
- 9.9.3 A projecting sign shall not extend more than 2.00 m (6.56 ft) above the parapet of a building.
- 9.9.4 A projecting sign shall not extend more than 2.00 m (6.56 ft) from the face of a building.
- 9.9.5 A projecting sign shall have a minimum clearance of 3.00 m (9.84 ft) above grade or walkway.

Size

- 9.9.6 The maximum area for a projecting sign shall be 2.00 m² (21.52 sq ft).

Quantity

- 9.9.7 Two projecting signs are allowed for each building frontage.
- 9.9.8 Where there are multiple businesses sharing a building frontage, one projecting sign is allowed for each business.



PART TEN: Definitions

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Accessory Building or Structure	<p>Means a subordinate building or structure on the same lot as the main building or subordinate to part of the main building and used exclusively for accessory use. Includes sea containers that are kept on a property more than 30 calendar days.</p> <p>Includes sheds, detached garages, and stand-alone solar panels.</p>
Accessory Use	<p>Means a use that is incidental and subordinate to the principal use on the same site.</p>
Act	<p>Means the Consolidation of the Community Planning and Development Act S.N.W.T. 2011, c. 22 as amended.</p>
Aerodrome	<p>An aerodrome is any area of land, water (including frozen surfaces), or other supporting surface used, designed, prepared, equipped, or set apart for the arrival, departure, movement, or servicing of aircraft, including associated buildings, installations, and equipment. In Canada, aerodromes encompass both certified (airports) and non-certified sites, with registered aerodromes listed in the Canada Flight Supplement (CFS) or Water Aerodrome Supplement (WAS). The term is defined under the Aeronautics Act and regulated by the Canadian Aviation Regulations (CARs).</p>
Agriculture	<p>Means the use of the land for agricultural purposes such as the raising of crops and livestock. May include accessory uses for packing, treating, or storing produce.</p>
Airport	<p>Means the existing Mike Zubko Airport and buildings and uses. Includes any use, building, or equipment used in connection with the operation of the Airport including but not limited to taxiways, aircraft storage, tie-down areas, hangers, and open spaces.</p>

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Amenity Space	Means a space designed for active or passive recreation on the same parcel as the residential building.
Apartment Building	Means a building comprising of three or more dwelling units with shared entrance facilities.
Appellant	Means a person who, pursuant to the Act, has served notice of appeal to the Development Appeal Board.
Applicant	Means any person having a legal or equitable interest in property or a person acting as the authorized representative of such person who has applied under the provisions of this Bylaw for a permit for the development of land.
Assisted Living Facility	Means a building or group of buildings, operated for the purpose of providing live-in accommodation to people. May require onsite varying professional or medical support for daily living. May include seniors housing, hospice, group homes, transitional housing, or boarding homes.
Automobile Sales and Service	Means a use for the commercial sale, servicing, and storage of automobiles. This may include accessory retail sales for vehicle accessories but does not include a public car wash.
Bakery	Means a building for producing, mixing, compounding, or baking bread, biscuits, cakes, or other baked products and may include an accessory retail store which sells goods manufactured on the premises.
Balcony	Means a platform attached to and projecting above the first floor of a building for use as an outdoor amenity space.
Bed and Breakfast Establishments	Means a home occupation providing temporary accommodation for guests in an owner-occupied dwelling.
Board	Means a Development Appeal Board established under this Bylaw.

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Brewery and Distillery	Means a use licensed by the territory for the production and retail sale of alcoholic beverages and other sales related to the principal use. May include tasting rooms, eating, and drinking establishments, indoor storage, packaging, bottling, canning, and shipping.
Building	Means anything constructed or placed on, in, over, or under land, whether temporary or permanent, used or built for the shelter, accommodation or enclosure of persons, animals, materials, or equipment.
Bulk Fuel Depot	Means lands buildings and structures for the bulk storage and distribution of petroleum products. May include keylock for retail sales. Does not include automotive gas bars or service stations.
Campground	Means a use for temporary, seasonal accommodation of recreational vehicles and tents. May include permanent structures that support the campground including outdoor shelters, kitchen facilities, toilet, or shower facilities.
Cannabis Production and Manufacturing Facility	Means a use federally licensed for the growing, production, testing, destroying, storing, or distribution of cannabis. Does not include the growing of cannabis by an individual for personal use and consumption.
Car Wash	Means a use for the cleaning of vehicles. May include retail sale related to the principal use.
Cemetery	Means a use for the entombment or interment of the deceased, and buildings or activities related to the principal use.
Community Plan	Means the Community Plan of the Town of Inuvik.
Council	Means the Council of the municipal corporation of the Town of Inuvik established by the Act.

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Day Care Facility	<p>Means a use for the provision, care, and supervision of children in accordance with the NWT Day Care Act and Regulations.</p> <p>The facility may be part of a public school, separate school, private school, or children's health centre.</p>
Day Home	<p>Means a use for the provision, care, and supervision of children in accordance with the NWT Day Care Act and Regulations within a residence.</p> <p>This use shall not be part of a public school, separate school, private school, or children's health centre.</p>
Deck or Patio	Means an uncovered structure that is intended for use as an outdoor space. Does not include a balcony.
Decrepit Building	A building that exhibits significant and observable deficiencies in structural integrity or maintenance, including but not limited to cracked or broken windows, damaged or missing doors or door frames, extensive peeling or flaking paint, deteriorating siding or eaves, roof damage, or other visible signs of neglect that may pose safety, health, or aesthetic concerns to the community.
Development	<p>Means the carrying out of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. any construction, including the placement or movement of a building; b. any excavation, or the deposit or movement of soil or other materials; or, c. other related operations. <p>The product of development, such as a building or a developed site, or;</p> <p>The making of any change in the use or intensity of use of any land or building.</p> <p>The demolition or structural alteration to existing buildings or structures is considered to be development.</p>
Development Officer	Means an official of the municipality responsible for administering this Bylaw.
Development Permit	Means, in accordance with the Act, a document authorizing a development issued pursuant to this Bylaw.
Discretionary Use	Means a use provided for in this Bylaw for which a development permit may only be issued at the discretion of Council.

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Dwelling Unit	Means a building or portion of a building intended for permanent or semi-permanent residence and contains kitchen facilities, living, sleeping, and sanitary facilities.
Dwelling, Cottage	Means a dwelling unit with limited services meant for recreational habitation, and not intended for year-round living. May be built on-site or be Modular.
Dwelling, Duplex	Means a residential building containing two dwelling units sharing a common wall either side-by-side or one above the other, each unit having individual exterior entrances. May be built on-site or be Modular.
Dwelling, Manufactured	Means a prefabricated dwelling unit or manufacture building arriving site ready on wheels and chassis for occupancy. A manufactured dwelling may be supported on a permanent foundation. All manufactured dwellings must meet the standards of the Canadian Standards Association (CSA), as amended. Does not include stick-built or modular construction. Does not include recreational vehicles.
Dwelling, Mixed-Use Building	See Mixed-Use Building. May be built on-site or be Modular.
Dwelling, Multiple Unit	Means a building containing three or more dwelling units separated by common walls, located on a single parcel with each dwelling unit having an individual exterior entrance. May include townhouses, rowhouses, triplexes and fourplexes. May be built on-site or be Modular.
Dwelling, Secondary Suite	Means a self-contained dwelling unit located on the same parcel as a single-detached dwelling either connected to the single-detached dwelling or standalone. Includes but not limited to basement suites, backyard suites, carriage homes, granny suites, and tiny homes. May be built on-site or be Modular.
Dwelling, Single-Detached	Means a residential building containing one dwelling unit, not including a manufactured home or tiny home. May be built on-site or be Modular.
Eating and Drinking Establishment	Means a use where food is prepared and sold to the general public. Includes Bakery. May include a restaurant, café, or pubs or take-out windows. This use may be licensed by the Northwest Territories Liquor Licensing Board.

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Entertainment Establishment	<p>Means the use of land used to provide entertainment. May include arcades, bowling alleys, museums, movie theatres, concert halls or dance and music theatres. Does not include casinos.</p> <p>This use may be licensed by the Northwest Territories Liquor Licensing Board.</p>
Fence	Means an artificially constructed barrier of any material or combination of materials erected to enclose or screen areas of land.
Fitness Studio	Means a use that provides space, equipment or instruction provided for people to pursue personal fitness or physical activity that may include the incidental retail sale of products relating to the service provided.
Funeral Parlour	Means a use that provides for the arrangement and holding of funerals, or the preparation of the dead for burial or cremation.
Grade	Means the average level of elevation at the finished ground surface at the corners of a site or at the foundation, as determined by the Development Authority.
Greenhouse	<p>Means one or more buildings and structures that are used primarily for the growing of food either for commercial or public use.</p> <p>Does not include cannabis production and manufacturing facility.</p>
Gross Floor Area	Means the total floor area of a building measured from the outside surface of the exterior wall, and includes all floors totally or partially above grade. Does not include areas used for parking of motor vehicles or unenclosed porches and decks.
Gun Range / Shooting Range	A facility, whether indoor or outdoor, designed and operated for the safe discharge of firearms for the purposes of target shooting, training, competition, or recreational use. A gun range may include firing lines, targets, berms, bullet traps, and associated safety features. This use may be operated by a private individual, commercial entity, or a gun club, and may include accessory buildings such as clubhouses, classrooms, or storage areas.
Health Care Services	<p>Means a use that provides medical care and treatment to people, where overnight accommodation is not provided.</p> <p>May include but is not limited to clinics, doctor or dentist offices, pharmacies, physical or mental therapy services, naturopathic or holistic services.</p>

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Height	<p>Means the vertical distance measured from the grade of a building or structure to the highest point of the building or structure.</p> <p>Does not include any device or feature not structurally essential to the building or structure.</p>
Highway	Means a highway or proposed highway that is described as a highway by the <i>Public Highways Act</i> .
Home Occupation	Means any occupation, trade, profession, or craft carried out by the occupant of a residential building which is incidental and subordinate to the residential use and which does not change the character thereof.
Hospital	<p>Means a use in one or more buildings on a site used to provide in-patient and out-patient health care to the public. May include comprehensive health centres and full-service hospitals and care residences.</p> <p>May include health care services.</p>
Hotel/Motel	<p>Means a use for providing temporary sleeping accommodation in guest rooms or suites.</p> <p>May include an eating and drinking establishment, meeting rooms, event spaces.</p>
Industrial Heavy	<p>Means a use or development of land for the purposes of manufacturing, processing, warehousing, stockpiling or storage and may generate off-site negative impacts.</p> <p>May include offices related to the principal use.</p> <p>Does not include cannabis production facility.</p>
Industrial Light	<p>Means a use or development of land for the purpose of processing, warehousing, repairing, distribution or storage of goods and materials and where minimal negative impacts are generated.</p> <p>May include offices related to the principal use.</p> <p>Does not include cannabis production facility.</p>

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Institution	Means a use which provides public or private instruction, education, or training. Includes but is not limited to public school, private school, university, and research institution.
Kennel	Means accommodation for the boarding and/or breeding of small animals. Includes activities associated with the shelter and care of animals (e.g., grooming, training, and exercising).
Loading Space	Means an area dedicated to the loading and unloading of a motor vehicle.
Lot Coverage	Means the portion of the total area of a lot or site which may be covered by buildings or structures. Does not include unenclosed decks or patios.
Lot Line	Front: Means the property line separating a lot from an abutting public roadway other than a lane. In the case of a corner lot, the front line is the shorter of the property lines abutting a public roadway, other than a lane. Rear: Means either the property line of a lot which is furthest from and opposite the front lot line, or, where there is no such property line, the point of intersection of any property lines other than a front lot line which is furthest from and opposite the front lot line. Side: Means the property line of a lot other than a front lot line or rear lot line.
Lot Width	Means the average distance between the side lot lines of a lot or parcel.
Lot, Site, or Parcel	Means an area of land, the boundaries of which are shown on a plan registered in a Land Titles Office, are described in the Certificate of Title, or are the subject to other forms of interest in land under the terms of the <i>Territorial Lands Act</i> and Regulations or the Commissioner's Land Act and Regulations.
Marina	Means a facility, building and/or structure with onshore and offshore components that accommodate a combination of over-water uses and land uses by providing anchoring, mooring, launching, and parking areas.
Marine Transportation Facility	A facility used for the docking, loading, unloading, storage, and servicing of vessels engaged in commercial, industrial, or passenger transportation over water. This may include ferry terminals, shipping docks, marinas, boat repair and maintenance facilities, cargo handling areas, and associated infrastructure such as fueling stations, administrative offices, and parking areas. This definition excludes private residential docks and recreational boating facilities unless otherwise specified.

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Mixed-Use Building	Means a building designed to accommodate a mix of uses, listed in a zone, on one parcel.
Modular	Means a building on a permanent foundation constructed in whole or in part in a factory, and then transported to site. Upon completion, visually indistinguishable from a 'stick-built' or building constructed on site.
Manufactured	Means a building constructed in whole or in part in a factory, and then transported to site. Upon completion, visually presents as a 'trailer'.
Municipality	Means the corporation of the Town of Inuvik.
Natural Resource Development	<p>Means development for the on-site removal, extraction, and primary processing of raw minerals found on or under a site, or accessible from the site.</p> <p>Typical uses include gravel pits, sandpits, clay pits, oil and gas wells, coal mining, and stripping of topsoil. Natural resource development does not include the processing of raw materials transported to the site.</p>
Non-Conforming Building	<p>Means a building that:</p> <p>on the day preceding the day a zoning bylaw affecting it, or the land on which it is or will be situated, takes effect,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. has been lawfully constructed or is lawfully under construction; or, b. is not yet under construction but has been authorized by a development permit; and <p>on the day the zoning bylaw takes effect does not, or when constructed will not, conform with it;</p> <p>As defined by the <i>Act</i>.</p>
Non-Conforming Use	<p>Means a lawful specific use being made of land or of a building, or intended to be made of land or of a building lawfully under construction, or a building not yet under construction that has been authorized by a development permit,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. on the day preceding the day a zoning bylaw affecting the land or the building, or the land on which the building is or will be situated, takes effect, and b. that on the day the zoning bylaw takes effect does not, or in the case of a building under construction or not yet under construction will not, conform with it; <p>As defined by the <i>Act</i>.</p>

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Nuisance	Anything that interferes with the use or enjoyment of property, endangers personal health or safety, or is offensive to the senses. May include noise, smoke, ash, dust, toxic gases, glare, heat, or obnoxious odours.
Office	A building or part of a building used for conducting business, professional, administrative, or clerical activities. This may include but is not limited to professional services (such as legal, accounting, engineering, or consulting firms), corporate headquarters, government offices, and other administrative functions. This definition excludes medical clinics, retail sales, and industrial uses unless otherwise specified.
Outdoor Storage	Means any area associated with a business for storing goods, materials, or equipment outside of a building.
Park	Means a site for use by the public for both passive and active forms of recreation. May include playgrounds, picnic areas, outdoor open spaces, spray parks, skateboard parks, fields, outdoor skating rinks, baseball diamonds, disc golf, community gardens, paths and trails, sports fields, and other similar facilities.
Parking Area or Lot	Means an open area of land, other than a street or a building, designed and used for the parking of motor vehicles.
Parking Space	Means an off-street area available for the parking of one motor vehicle.
Permitted Use	Means a use of land or building provided for in this Bylaw for which a development permit shall be issued, with or without conditions, if the proposed development complies in all respects with this Bylaw.
Personal Service Establishment	Means an establishment wherein a personal service is provided. Includes barber shop, beauty salon, laundry and dry cleaning, dressmaker shop, shoe repair shop, tailor shop, photographic studio, or other similar uses.
Places of Worship	Means a use for the purpose of religious or communal activities.

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Principal Building	<p>Means a building which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. occupies the major portion of a site; b. is the main building among one or more buildings on a site; or, c. constitutes the primary use for which the site is used.
Principal Use	Means a use which constitutes the primary purpose of the site.
Public Assembly	<p>Means a use where the public can assemble, for education, instruction, culture, or communal activity. May include but is not limited to municipal or government services, libraries, museums, youth centres, and art galleries.</p> <p>May include offices or accessory buildings related to the principal use.</p>
Public Roadway	Means any lane, service road, street or highway including right of ways.
Public Utility	<p>Means any one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. systems for the distribution of gas, whether artificial or natural; b. facilities for the storage, transmission, treatment, distribution, or supply of potable water; c. facilities for the collection, treatment, movement, or disposal of sanitary sewage; d. storm sewer drainage facilities; e. systems for electrical energy generation, transmission, and distribution; and, f. systems for telephone and telecommunications, including towers or satellite dishes.
Quarry	<p>A site where consolidated or unconsolidated earth materials, including rock, stone, sand, gravel, clay, or similar substances, are extracted from the ground for commercial, industrial, or construction purposes. A quarry may involve drilling, blasting, crushing, screening, washing, or processing of materials on-site. This definition excludes excavations incidental to building construction, agricultural operations, or site grading associated with approved development.</p>
Recreation Facility	<p>Means a building used for recreation, athletic, and leisure activities. May include golf course and associated buildings, fitness facility, gym, public assembly, meeting rooms.</p> <p>May include eating and drinking establishments, offices, or accessory buildings related to the principal use.</p>

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Retail Store	<p>Means as use for the sale, rental, repair, or small-scale production of consumer goods and services, or the retail sales and services related to the care and appearance of a person.</p> <p>Does not include Retail Cannabis or Retail Liquor store.</p>
Retail, Cannabis	<p>Means a use licensed by the Territory for the retail sale of cannabis and cannabis accessories for offsite consumption. Does not include the production of cannabis products.</p>
Retail, Liquor	<p>Means a use licensed by the Northwest Territories Liquor Licensing Board for the sale of alcoholic beverages for offsite consumption.</p>
Retail, Neighbourhood Convenience	<p>Means a use that allows for the retail sales of merchandise that sells household goods, food, or other goods for the inhabitants of a residential zone to meet their day-to-day needs.</p> <p>Does not include Cannabis Store.</p>
Satellite Facility	<p>Means an area that is dedicated to television or radio telecommunications transmitting or receiving antenna equipment.</p>
Scientific Research and Development Facility	<p>Means the use of a building, or part of a building for scientific or technical work including research and development, quality control, testing, teaching or analysis. May include supporting uses including laboratory stores and any offices attached or adjacent to the laboratory.</p>
Scrap Yard	<p>Means a place where discarded or salvaged materials are bought, sold, exchanged, stored, based, cleaned, packed, disassembled, or handled, including auto wrecking yards, house wrecking yards, used lumber yards, and places or yards for use of salvaged house wrecking and structural steel materials and equipment, but excluding pawn shops and establishments for the sale, purchase, or storage of used cars in operable condition.</p>
Screening	<p>Means anything which visually and/or acoustically shelters, conceals, or protects. Screening may include but is not limited to a fence, wall, trees, hedge, berm, or bush.</p>
Service Station	<p>Means a use for selling gasoline, diesel, or other automotive fluids.</p> <p>May include traveller amenities such as Car Wash, Retail, Eating and Drinking Establishments, washrooms or shower facilities, or retail sales associated with the principal use.</p>

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Sign	Means a structure that may include words, letters, pictures, symbols, or representation, used as an advertisement, announcement, or direction.
Sign Area	Means the total surface area of a sign measured to the outside edge of the frame or border of the sign. In the case of a sign composed of individual letters or symbols, the sign area shall be calculated as the area enclosing the letters or symbols. In the case of a multi-faced sign, up to two sides of the sign shall be counted to the sign area.
Sign, Canopy	Means a sign placed on a marquee or canopy.
Sign, Fascia	Means a sign that is attached to and parallel to an exterior building wall.
Sign, Freestanding	Means a sign that has independent supports fixed to the ground, and is not connected to any other building or structure.
Sign, Monument	Means a low-profile sign that has independent supports fixed to the ground, and is not connected to any other building or structure. Monument Signs typically advertise a business, residential buildings, or neighbourhoods.
Sign, Projecting	Means a sign that projects outward from the exterior wall of a building.
Solid Waste Site	Means any property where refuse of a non-hazardous type is deposited, stored, and sorted. May include treatment of contaminated soil.
Special Care Facility	Means a building that receives persons primarily for the purpose of providing temporary care, guidance, or other activities for a continuous purpose usually not exceeding 24 hours. Does not include a Day Care Facility, Day Home, or a Special Care Residence.
Structural Alteration	Means any change in or alteration to a structure involving a bearing wall, column, beam, girder, floor or ceiling joists, roof rafters, foundations, piles, retaining walls or similar components.
Structure	Means anything that is erected, built, or constructed of parts joined together with a fixed location on the ground, or attached to something having a fixed location in or on the ground and shall include walls, fences or any sign.
Temporary	Means such time limit as may be set by the Development Authority for a specific use.

Term	Meaning in this Bylaw
Tiny Home	A detached, self-contained dwelling unit designed for permanent year-round occupancy that is typically less than 37 square metres (400 square feet) in floor area, excluding lofts. A tiny home may be built on a permanent foundation or a trailer chassis with the ability to be relocated. A tiny home on wheels must meet CSA Z240 or CSA Z241 standards or an equivalent certification as required by the municipality.
Tiny Home Community	A site where more than one tiny home is located.
Traditional and Cultural Activities	<p>Means any activity that are executed by residents and visitors which reflect the traditional and cultural needs of Indigenous peoples. Such activities include but are not limited to boating, hunting, trapping, fishing, food, and resource gathering, and cultural events.</p> <p>Includes temporary structures associated with the traditional and cultural activity.</p>
Veterinary Clinic	Means a use for the purposes of the consultation, diagnosis, and treatment of household pets, but shall not include long-term board facilities for animals.
Workcamp	Means a use for the temporary accommodation of up to 25 workers and consisting of at least one bathroom and not fewer than 2 habitable rooms providing therein living, dining, kitchen and sleeping accommodation in appropriate individual or combination rooms.
Yard	<p>Means a part of a parcel upon or over which no building or structure is permitted except in accordance with this Bylaw.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Front Yard means a yard extending across the full width of a parcel from the front lot line of the parcel to the front wall of the principal building situated on the parcel; b. Side Yard means a yard extending from the front wall of the principal building situated on a parcel to the rear wall of the principal building and lying between the side lot line of the parcel and the side wall of the principal building; and, c. Rear Yard means a yard extending across the full width of a parcel from the rear wall to the principal building situated on the parcel to the rear lot line of the parcel
Zone	Means the category of use of land, buildings, structure, or activities permitted by this Bylaw.

Schedule C

Development Permit Application Forms

A wooden sign with the word "INUVIK" mounted on a green metal building. The sign is made of light-colored wood and features the word "INUVIK" in large, dark, carved letters. The building has a green metal roof and walls. The sky is a clear, bright blue.

INUVIK



TOWN OF INUVIK

Box 1160, #2 Firth Street, Inuvik NT, X0E 0T0
Phone: (867) 777-8600 Fax: (867) 777-8601

Application No. _____

Permit Fee. \$ _____

FORM 'A'

APPLICATION FOR A DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

Applicant Information (Please Print):

Name: _____ Interest (if not owner): _____

Telephone: _____ Email: _____

Mailing Address: _____

Owner Information (if different than applicant):

Registered Owner's Name: _____

Telephone: _____ Email: _____

Mailing Address: _____

If the applicant is not the registered owner of the property, please submit a letter from the registered owner granting you permission to use the property for the intended use.

Property Information:

Address of Property to be Developed: _____

Zoning: _____ Lot# _____ Block# _____ Plan# _____ or Certificate of Title: _____

Lot Width: _____ metres Lot Depth: _____ metres Lot Area: _____ square metres

Type of Lot (check one): ☐ Street Facing ☐ Corner ☐ Interior ☐ Other

Existing Use(s) of Property: _____

Proposed Use(s) of Property: _____

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT(S):

Check all applicable development(s) and submit the completed, corresponding checklist of supporting information with your application.

- | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. LAND DEVELOPMENT | <input type="checkbox"/> 2. CONSTRUCTION | <input type="checkbox"/> 3. EXCAVATION | <input type="checkbox"/> 4. ACCESSORY USE |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5. PORCHES AND DECKS | <input type="checkbox"/> 6. FENCE | <input type="checkbox"/> 7. RELOCATION | <input type="checkbox"/> 8. DEMOLITION |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 9. SIGN | <input type="checkbox"/> 10. HOME OCCUPATION | <input type="checkbox"/> 11. VARIANCE | |

Estimated Cost of Project: \$ _____

I hereby make application under the provisions of the Zoning By-law (#2583/P+D/15) for a Development Permit in accordance with the supporting information submitted herewith and which form part of this application.

SIGNATURE:

Applicant's Signature

Date

Owner's Signature (if different than applicant)

Date



TOWN OF INUVIK

Box 1160, #2 Firth Street, Inuvik NT, X0E 0T0
Phone: (867) 777-8600 Fax: (867) 777-8601

Application No. _____

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

1. LAND DEVELOPMENT

- ☐ Site Plan showing:
- development location
 - surrounding roads
 - proposed servicing (utilidor access, power, gas)
 - proposed site grading and drainage plan(s)
 - proposed culvert locations and sizes
- (culvert sizes and locations may be specified by the Town as a condition of the permit).
- ☐ Area (m²) _____
- ☐ Proposed Lot Fill: _____
- ☐ Number of Pilings: _____
- ☐ Proof that notification has been given to all Utility Providers (please attach)
- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

Note: Development Application Fees to be determined in accordance with the Consolidated Rates and Fees Bylaw



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Application No. _____

2. CONSTRUCTION:

- ☐ New Construction
- ☐ Addition to Existing Building
- ☐ 2 sets of site plans showing:
 - Building footprint
 - Legal description of lot
 - Yards and set-backs (front, rear, and side)
 - Provisions for off-street parking, loading, and access and egress points
 - Provisions for landscaping and drainage
- ☐ 2 sets of floor plans (minimum 1:100 scale)
- ☐ 2 sets of sections (minimum 1:100 scale)
- ☐ Proof that notification has been given to all Utility Providers (please attach for gas, electrical, water, sewer etc.)
- ☐ For industrial uses, proof that the OFM has received and accepted a Safety Plan in conformance with the National Fire Code.
- ☐ Estimated commencement date _____
- ☐ Estimated completion date _____
- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

Please note that the submission of complete construction documents may be a requirement of the Office of the Fire Marshal of the NWT .

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Application No. _____

3. PROPOSED EXCAVATION

- ☐ Site plan indicating location of excavation
- ☐ Length (in metres) _____
- ☐ Width (in metres) _____
- ☐ Depth (in metres) _____
- ☐ Planned Excavation Start Date _____
- ☐ Planned Excavation Completion Date _____
- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

Note: Development Application Fees to be determined in accordance with the Consolidated Rates and Fees Bylaw



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Application No. _____

4. ACCESSORY USE

- ☐ Accessory Use Proposed: _____

- ☐ Site Plan (minimum 1:100 scale) showing:
 - location of existing buildings
 - location of proposed accessory building
 - property dimensions and proposed setback dimensions

- ☐ Percentage of Lot Occupied: _____ Height of Accessory Building: _____

- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

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TOWN OF INUVIK

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Application No. _____

5. PROPOSED PORCHES AND DECKS (if over 0.6 m in height above ground level)

- ☐ Height (in meters) _____
- ☐ Deck/Porch Size (in square meters) _____
- ☐ Existing Side and Front Yard Measurements (from property line): _____
- ☐ Setback from: Side Lot Line: _____ Rear Lot Line: _____
- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

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Application No. _____

6. PROPOSED FENCE

- ☐ Site plan showing location of proposed fence
- ☐ Height (in metres): _____
- ☐ Width (in metres): _____
- ☐ Planned Fencing Start Date: _____
- ☐ Planned Fencing Completion Date: _____
- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

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Application No. _____

7. PROPOSED RELOCATION

- ☐ Type of Building or Structure to be Relocated: _____
- ☐ Building Height _____
- ☐ Building Footprint (in square meters) _____
- ☐ From: Lot# _____ Block# _____ Plan# _____
- ☐ To: Lot# _____ Block# _____ Plan# _____
- ☐ Proposed Route: _____
- ☐ Planned Date of Move: _____
- ☐ Proof of notification to all service providers (i.e. water, sewer, power, gas)
- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

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Application No. _____

8. PROPOSED DEMOLITION

- ☐ Type of Building or Structure to be Demolished: _____
- ☐ Demolition Methods to be Used: (describe here or attach description)

- ☐ Proof that all applicable regulatory authorities have been advised of the proposed demolition, and have received and reviewed any required safety plans.

- ☐ Planned Demolition Start Date: _____
- ☐ Planned Demolition Finish Date: _____
- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

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Application No. _____

9. PROPOSED SIGN

- ☐ Business License Number: _____
- ☐ Site Plan Showing Location of Sign
- ☐ 2 Sets of Drawings to Scale, showing:
 - Sign location on lot
 - Dimensions (Height, Width, and Thickness)
 - Size of letters
 - Projection from building face
 - Height above average ground level at the building face
 - Manner of illumination, animation, or flashing lights (if applicable)
- ☐ Message on Sign: _____
- ☐ Installation Contractor: _____
- ☐ Planned Installation Date: _____
- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

Note: Development Application Fees to be determined in accordance with the Consolidated Rates and Fees Bylaw



Application No. _____

- ☐ Type of Home Occupation proposed: _____
- ☐ Business License Number: _____
- ☐ Floor plan showing the portion of the residence to be used for the business (attach)
- ☐ Description of how this Home Occupation will preserve the character of the residential neighbourhood, and the rights of other residents to quiet enjoyment of the residential neighbourhood:
- ☐ Planned commencement date: _____
- ☐ Development Application Fee (enter amount) _____

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Application No. _____

11. REQUEST FOR VARIANCE

☐ Type of variance requested: _____

☐ Rationale _____

☐ Plan or elevation drawing describing variance (attach)



Development Permit No: _____

TOWN OF INUVIK

ZONING BY-LAW #2753/P+D/25

FORM 'B': DEVELOPMENT PERMIT & NOTICE THEREOF

Address of Property: _____

Lot: _____ Block: _____ Plan: _____ Certificate of Title: _____ Zone: _____

Development involving: _____

APPROVED – see below ↓ ☐

APPROVED – subject to conditions ☐ →

All Development

- Shall comply with:
- Town of Inuvik Zoning By-law;
 - National Building Code, most current;
 - National Fire Code, most current; and
 - All Federal and Territorial Regulations

The applicant is hereby authorized to proceed with the specified development provided that any stated conditions are complied with, that development is in accordance with any approved plans and applications. **Should an appeal be made against this decision to the Development Appeal Board, this Development Permit shall be null and void.**

CONDITIONS ON DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

(To Be Filled by Development Officer)

1.

Date of Decision

Signature of Development Officer

Date of issue of Development Permit

NOTES:

The issuance of a Development Permit granted pursuant to By-law #2753/P+D/25, in accordance with the Notice of Decision, is subject to the condition that it does not become effective until fifteen (15) days after the date the order, decision or Development Permit is issued.

The Zoning By-law provides that any person claiming to be affected by a decision of the Development Officer may appeal to the Development Appeal Board by serving written notice of appeal to the Secretary of the Development Appeal Board within fourteen (14) days after notice of the decision is given; and, a permit issued in accordance with the Notice of Decision is valid for a period of 365 days from the date of issue. If, at the expiry of this period, the development has not been commenced or carried out with reasonable diligence, this permit shall be null and void.

ACCEPTANCE BY APPLICANT OF DP AND ANY TERMS & CONDITIONS OUTLINED HERewith

I have read the terms and conditions applied to Development Permit # _____ and agree to comply.

Signature of Applicant

Date

Signature of Witness



TOWN OF INUVIK
ZONING BY-LAW #2753/P+D/25

FORM 'C'

NOTICE OF REFUSAL

You are hereby notified that your application for a Development Permit with regard to the following:

Has been **REFUSED** for the following reasons:

You are further notified that you may appeal this decision to the Development Appeal Board in accordance with the provisions of the Zoning Bylaw. Such an appeal shall be made in writing and shall be delivered either personally or by mail so as to reach the Secretary of the Development Appeal Board not later than fourteen (14) days following the date of issue of this notice. The notice of appeal shall contain a statement of the grounds of the appeal.

Date of Decision

Date of Notice of Decision

Signature of Development Officer



TOWN OF INUVIK
ZONING BY-LAW #2753/P+D/25

FORM 'D'

NOTICE OF APPEAL HEARING

This is to notify you that an appeal has been made to the DEVELOPMENT APPEAL BOARD against a decision in respect of Application No. : _____ which involves development described as follows:

Place of Hearing: _____

Time of Hearing: _____

Date of Hearing: _____

Any persons affected by the proposed development have the right to present a written brief prior to the hearing and to be present and be heard at the hearing. Persons requiring to be heard at the meeting shall submit the written briefs to the Secretary of the Development Appeal Board not later than: _____

Date

Signature of Secretary Development Appeal Board



TOWN OF INUVIK

Application No.: _____

ZONING BY-LAW #2753/P+D/25

FORM 'E'

NOTICE OF APPEAL DECISION

This is to notify you that an appeal against the:

APPROVAL

☐

APPROVAL – with conditions

☐

REFUSAL

☐

Of a Development Permit with regard to the following:

Was considered by the DEVELOPMENT APPEAL BOARD on _____
_____ and the decision of the DEVELOPMENT APPEAL BOARD with regard to the
appeal is as follows and for the following reasons:

Date

Signature of Secretary Development Appeal Board

NOTE:

A decision of the Development Appeal Board is final and binding on all parties and persons subject only to an appeal upon a question of jurisdiction or law pursuant to **Section 50 of the Planning Act**. An application for leave to appeal to the Supreme Court shall be made to a judge of the Supreme Court within thirty (30) days after the issue of the order, decision, permit or approval sought to be appealed.



REGISTERED MAIL or
SERVED IN PERSON

TOWN OF INUVIK
ZONING BY-LAW #2753/P+D/25

FORM 'F'

NOTICE OF ZONING BY-LAW CONTRAVENTION

You are hereby notified that your development is in contravention of the

- ☐ Zoning By-law
☐ Development Permit

By reason of:

You are requested to take remedial action to conform to the by-law/permit as follows:

Failure to comply with this request within _____ days of receipt of this notice may result in action being taken through the courts to seek remedy under the provisions of the **Planning and Development Act**.

Date of Notice

Signature of Development Officer



TOWN OF INUVIK
ZONING BY-LAW #2753/P+D/25

FORM 'G'

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT TO THE ZONING BY-LAW

PLEASE PRINT:

I/We hereby make application to amend the Zoning By-law (#xxxx).

Applicant: _____ Telephone: _____

Address: _____

Owner of Land: _____ Telephone: _____

Address: _____

Land Description: _____ Lot: _____ Block: _____ Plan: _____

Civic Address: _____

Amendment Proposed: _____

Reasons in support of application for amendment: (attach additional pages as required)

I/We enclose \$ _____ being the application fee.

Signature of Applicant

Date